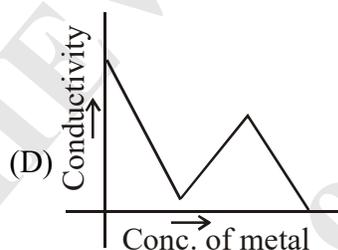
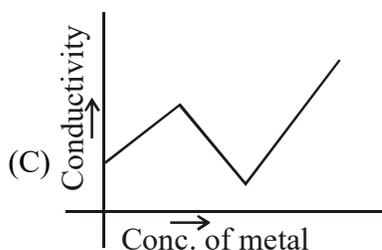
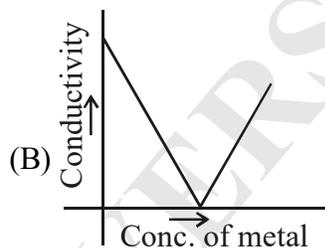
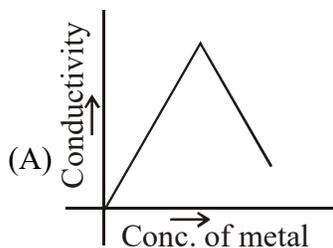
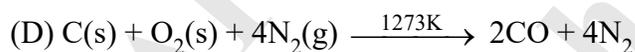
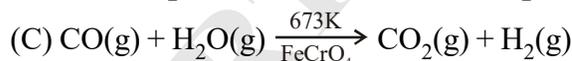
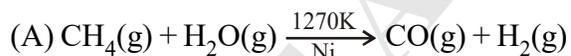


**Single correct :**

- Q.1 Which alkali metal has highest thermodynamic and kinetic reactivity towards water respectively?  
 (A) Li, Cs (B) Li, Li (C) Cs, Cs (D) Cs, Li
- Q.2 Select **correct** relationship between concentration of alkali metal in liquid NH<sub>3</sub> vs its electrical conductivity.



- Q.3 Which is water-gas shift reaction



- Q.4 For given reaction



How many product(s) show conductivity in aqueous medium as well as in molten state ?

- (A) One (B) Two (C) Three (D) None of these
- Q.5 One of the alkaline earth metal nitrate crystallizes with six molecules of water whereas other one metal nitrate crystallizes as its anhydrous salt, metals are respectively.  
 (A) Be, Ba (B) Ba, Be (C) Mg, Ba (D) Ba, Mg
- Q.6 Which process is used to extract H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> with H<sub>2</sub>O and concentrated to  $\approx 30\%$  ?  
 (A) Distillation under reduced pressure (B) Steam distillation  
 (C) Fractional distillation (D) Distillation under increased pressure

- Q.7 Demineralized water is obtained by

- (A) Clark's method (B) Calgon's method  
 (C) Ion-exchange method (D) Synthetic resins method

- Q.8 Large amount of  $H_2$  is produced from  
(A) Petrochemicals (B) Coal  
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(A) AgCl (B)  $Ca(OH)_2$  (C) HCl (D)  $CO_2$
- Q.10 Which metal does not form ethynide on reaction with ethyne ?  
(A) Li (B) Na (C) Rb (D) Cs
- Q.11 Which element can form binary compound with hydrogen atom in its maximum oxidation state ?  
(A) Calcium (B) Carbon (C) Sulphur (D) Chlorine
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- Q.13 Hydrogen gas is **not** liberated by  
(A) On warming solution of calcium in liquid ammonia  
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(D) On passing steam over red hot coke
- Q.14 Which halide is following order of  $\Delta H_f$ ,  $LiX > NaX > KX > RbX > CsX$ , (X = halide)  
(A) Fluoride (B) Chloride (C) Bromide (D) Iodide
- Q.15 Which element reacts with water and gives acidic solution ?  
(A) K (B) Ca (C)  $Cl_2$  (D)  $P_4$
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(A) Clark's method (B) Calgon's method  
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- Q.17 Which reagent is used to distinguish  $O_3$  and  $H_2O_2$  ?  
(A) Acidified  $KMnO_4$  (B)  $K_4[Fe(CN)_6]$  (C) KI (D)  $HNO_2$
- Q.18 Which group elements exhibit gradual increment of melting point as atomic number decreases ?  
(A) alkali metals (B) alkaline earth metals  
(C) boron family (D) carbon family
- Q.19 Which of the following statement is **not** true for  $H_2$  ?  
(A) It is lighter than air and soluble in water  
(B) H-H bond dissociation enthalpy is the highest for a single bond between two atoms of any element  
(C) It is used in fuel cells  
(D) It can reduce heavy metal oxides into their respective metals
- Q.20 Which of the following combination of reactants **does not** produce hydrogen gas ?  
(A)  $B_2H_6 + H_2O$  (B)  $CO(g) + H_2O(g)$  (C)  $Fe + NaOH$  (D)  $Sn + NaOH$

- Q.21 Which of the following compound on heating **does not** produce metal oxide ?  
 (A)  $\text{MgCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (B)  $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$  (C)  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$  (D)  $\text{CsNO}_3$

### Comprehension

#### **Comprehension (Q.22 – Q.23) :**

Hydrogen peroxide is an important chemical used in pollution control treatment of domestic and industrial effluents. In the pure state  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  is an almost colourless (very pale blue) liquid. It acts as an oxidising as well as reducing agent in both acidic and alkaline medium.

- Q.22  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  can be stored in  
 (A) Wax-lined glass or plastic vessel in presence of sunlight.  
 (B) Wax-lined glass or plastic vessel in dark.  
 (C) Wax-lined glass or plastic vessel in presence of Dust.  
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- Q.23 Which process is used to separate out  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  from  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  formed in reaction of  $\text{BaO}_2 \cdot 8\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{s})$  with  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{aq.})$ .  
 (A) Evaporation under reduced pressure.  
 (B) Evaporation under increased pressure.  
 (C) Steam distillation.  
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### More than one may be correct

- Q.24 Select correct orders of percentage components of Portland cement :  
 (A)  $\text{SiO}_2 < \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  (B)  $\text{CaO} > (\text{SiO}_2 + \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3)$   
 (C)  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 > \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  (D)  $\text{SiO}_2 > \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$
- Q.25 Which of them turns moist red litmus paper blue.  
 (A)  $\text{Li}_2\text{O}$  (B)  $\text{KO}_2$  (C)  $\text{Na}_2\text{O}_2$  (D)  $\text{CaH}_2$
- Q.26  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  can be prepared by  
 (A) Auto-oxidation of 2-ethylanthraquinol (B)  $\text{BaO}_2 + \text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$   
 (C) Hydrolysis of peroxodisulphates (D) Hydrolysis of superoxides
- Q.27 **Correct** statement(s) about sodium carbonate is/are  
 (A) Crystalline  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O}$  is called washing soda  
 (B) Crystalline  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$  is called soda ash  
 (C)  $\text{NaOH}$  can be prepared by its reaction with milk of lime  
 (D) It is used in water softening and laundering
- Q.28 Which of the following statement(s) for  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  is/are correct ?  
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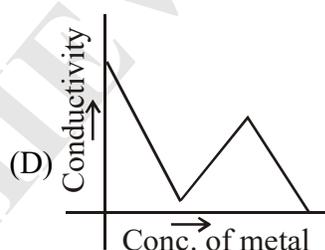
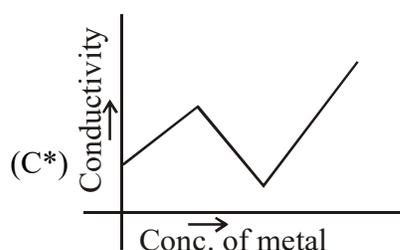
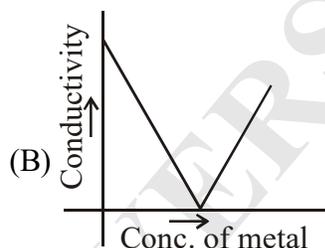
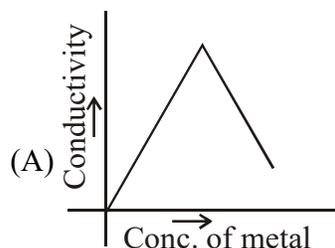
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 (C) Produces metal amide on warming  
 (D) Blue colour fades on adding transition metal cation
- Q.31 In which of the following combination of reactants  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  acts as oxidizing agent ?  
 (A)  $\text{HOCl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  (B)  $\text{I}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{OH}^-(\text{aq})$   
 (C)  $\text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  (D)  $\text{Mn}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{NH}_4\text{OH}$
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 (A) Melting point :  $\text{H}_2\text{O} < \text{D}_2\text{O}$  (B) Vapour pressure at  $25^\circ\text{C}$  :  $\text{H}_2\text{O} > \text{D}_2\text{O}$   
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**Subjective**

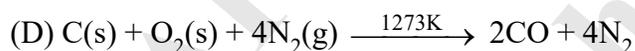
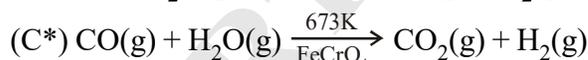
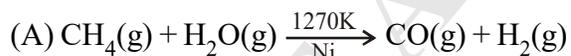
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 Sulphur, Calcium, Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Boron, Oxygen, Chlorine, Xenon, Silicon

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### Comprehension

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**Subjective**

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$\text{NH}_3, \text{KCl}, \text{CO}_2, \text{SO}_2, \text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2, \text{NaCl}, \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4, \text{CO}, \text{HCl}$

Ans. 4

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