		EXER	CISE-1				
Q.1	Compound having on	pen chain is -					
	(1) Pentane	(2) Isopentane	(3) Neopentane	(4) All the above			
Q.2	In unsaturated compo		(2) C-11				
	(1) Carbon - carbon d (3) Carbon - carbon de		<ul><li>(2) Carbon - carbon triple bond</li><li>(4) Carbon - oxygen double bond</li></ul>				
Q.3	No. of heteroatoms (	(other than C) present	in the following heter	rocyclic compound N-H			
	is –						
	(1) 3	(2) 2	(3) 1	(4) 0			
Q.4	Alicyclic compound is	3					
	(1) Aromatic compour	nd	(2) Aliphatic compound				
	(3) Hetero cyclic com	pound	(4) Aliphatic cyclic compound				
Q.5	Which is an acyclic co	ompound:					
	(1) Methane	(2) Benzene	(3) Pyrrole	(4) Cyclobutane			
Q.6	The group of heteroo						
	(1) Phenol, Furan	(2) Furan, Thiophene	(3) Thiophene, Phenol (4) Furan, Aniline				
Q.7	C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>12</sub> gives type						
	(1) 5	(2) 8	(3) 6	(4) 4			
Q.8	The total number of secondary H-atoms in the structure given below are : $(CH_3)_2CHCH_2C_2H_5$						
	(1) 1	(2) 4	(3) 3	(4) 2			
Q.9	iso-octane contains						

(1) 5 prim. one sec. & two ter. C atoms. (2) 4 prim. 2 sec. & one ter. C atoms.

(3) 5 (1 $^{0}$ C). one (2 $^{0}$ C), one (3 $^{0}$ C) & one (4 $^{0}$ C) atoms.

(4) 5 (1 $^{0}$ C). two (2 $^{0}$ C), one (3 $^{0}$ C) & one (4 $^{0}$ C) atoms.

Q.10 The number of  $\sigma$  and  $\pi$  bonds in the following molecule is respectively:



(1) 19  $\sigma$  bonds,  $6\pi$  bonds

(2) 20  $\sigma$  bonds,  $5\pi$  bonds

(	(3)	19	σ	bonds,	$5\pi$	bonds
١	J	117	O	oonus,	$\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{I}}}}$	DOHUS

(4) 20  $\sigma$  bonds,  $6\pi$  bonds

Q.11 Find the number of  $1^{\circ}$ ,  $2^{\circ}$  &  $3^{\circ}$  hydrogen atoms in the following compounds:

(1) 
$$1^{\circ} H \rightarrow 9, 3^{\circ} H \rightarrow 1$$

(2) 
$$1^{\circ}H \to 6, 2^{\circ}H \to 2$$

(3) 
$$1^{\circ}H \to 6, 2^{\circ}H \to 4$$

(4) 
$$1^{\circ}H \to 9, 2^{\circ}H \to 1$$

Q.12 How many 1° carbon atom will be present in a simplest hydrocarbon having two 3° and one 2° carbon atom?

(1)3

(2)4

(3)5

(4) 6

Q.13 How many carbons are in simplest alkyne having two side chains?

(1)5

(2)6

(3)7

(4) 8

Q.14 Which of the following pairs have absence of carbocyclic ring in both compounds?

(1) Pyridine, Benzene

(2) Benzene, Cyclohexane

(3) Cyclohexane, Furane

(4) Furane, Pyridine

Q.15 The number of 1° carbon of following compound is

$$\begin{array}{cccc} {\sf CH}_{\scriptscriptstyle 3} & {\sf CH}_{\scriptscriptstyle 3} \\ | & | & | \\ {\sf CH}_{\scriptscriptstyle 3} - {\sf C} - {\sf CH}_{\scriptscriptstyle 2} - {\sf C} - {\sf CH}_{\scriptscriptstyle 3} \\ | & | & | \\ {\sf CH}_{\scriptscriptstyle 3} & {\sf CH}_{\scriptscriptstyle 3} \end{array}$$

(1)5

(2)6

(3) 8

(4) 4

Q.16 How many secondary carbon atoms does methyl cyclopropane have?

- (1) None
- (2) One
- (3) Two
- (4) Three

Q.17 Which of the following is the first member of ester homologous series?

- (1) Ethyl ethanoate
- (2) Methyl ethanoate
- (3) Methyl methanoate (4) Ethyl methanoate

Q.18 In homologous series:

- (1) Molecular formula is same
- (2) Structural formula is same
- (3) Physical properties are same
- (4) General formula is same

Q.19 Which of the following is the first member of ester homologous series?

(1) Ethyl ethanoate

(2) Methyl ethanoate

(3) Methyl methanoate

(4) Ethyl methanoate

Q.20 Which of the following is the triad of a homologous series -

- (1) CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> N
- (2)  $C_2H_5OH$ ,  $(CH_3)_2CHOH$ ,  $(CH_3)_3COH$

- (3)  $CH_2 = CH_2$ ,  $CH_3 CH = CH_2$ ,  $C_2H_5 CH = CH_2$
- (4) Both (2) and (3)
- Q.21 What is not true about homologous series?
  - (1) All the members have similar chemical properties
  - (2) They have identical physical properties
  - (3) They can be represented by a general formula
  - (4) Adjacent members differ in molecular mass by 14
- Q.22 The IUPAC name of  ${\rm CH_3\,CH_2-N-CH_2CH_3}$  is:  ${\rm CH_3}$ 
  - (1) N-Methyl-N-ethyl ethanamine
- (2) Diethyl methanamine
- (3) N-Ethyl-N-methyl ethanamine
- (4) Methyl diethyl ethanamine
- Q.23 The correct IUPAC name of  $CH_3 CH_2 C COOH$  is:  $\begin{array}{c} || \\ CH_2 \end{array}$ 
  - (1) 2-Methyl butanoic acid

(2) 2-Ethylprop-2-enoic acid

(3) 2-Carboxybutene

- (4) None of the above
- Q.24 Which of the following compound is wrongly named?
  - (1) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHCOOH ; 2-Chloro pentanoic acid
  - (2)  $CH_3C \equiv CCHCOOH$ ; 2-Methyl hex-3-enoic acid  $CH_3$
  - (3) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH=CHCOCH<sub>3</sub>; Hex-3-en-2-one
  - (4)  $CH_3 CHCH_2CH_2CHO$ ; 4-Methyl pentanal  $CH_3$
- Q.25 I.U.P.A.C. name of  $(CH_3)_2CH-CH_2-CH_2Br$  is
  - (1) 1-bromo pentane

- (2) 2-methyl-4-bromo pentane
- (3) 1-bromo-3-methyl butane
- (4) 2-methyl-3-bromo propane
- Q.26 Which one of the following I.U.P.A.C. name is correct?
  - (1) 2-Methyl-3-ethyl pentane
- (2) 2-Ethyl-3-methyl pentane
- (3) 3-Ethyl-2-methyl pentane
- (4) 3-Methyl-2-ethyl pentane

The IUPAC name of this compound is:

- (1) 2-fluoro-4-chloro-2,4-diethyl pentane
- (2) 3-fluoro-5-chloro-3-methyl-5-ethyl hexane
- (3) 3-chloro-5-fluoro-3,5-dimethyl heptane
- (4) 3,5-dimethyl-5-fluoro-3-chloro heptane
- Q.28 The IUPAC name of the compound

$$CH_3CHCH_2CH_3$$
 is:  $C_6H_5$ 

(1) 2-cyclohexyl butane

(2) 2-phenyl butane

(3) 3-cyclohexyl butane

- (4) 3-phenyl butane
- Q.29 The IUPAC name of  $C_6H_5-CH-CH_2-CCI_3$  is ;  $C_6H_5$ 
  - (1) 1,1,1-trichloro-3,3-diphenyl propane
  - (2) 1,1-diphenyl-3,3,3-trichloro propane
  - (3) both (1) and (2)
  - (4) none of these
- Q.30 The IUPAC name of  $\sum_{Br}$  is -
  - (1) 2-bromo-4-isopropylpentane
- (2) 2, 3-dimethyl-5-bromohexane
- (3) 2-bromo-4, 5-dimethylhexane
- (4) 5-bromo-2, 3-dimethylhexane

Q.31 IUPAC name of:

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} CH_{3}-CH_{2}-C-CH-C-C-C_{2}H_{5} \\ & & \parallel & \parallel \\ & & CH_{3} & O \end{array}$$

- (1) Ethyl-4-methyl-3-oxo pentanoate
- (2) 2–Ethoxy carbonyl pentan-3-one
- (3) 4-Ethoxy carbonyl pentan-3-one
- (4) Ethyl 2-methyl 3-oxo-pentanoate

- (1) 2-Amino-3-chloro-2-methylpent-2-enoic acid
- (2) 3-Amino-4-chloro-2-methylpent-2-enoic acid
- (3) 4-Amino-3-chloro-2-methylpent-2-enoic acid
- (4) All of the above

The IUPAC name of the structure is: Q.33

- (1) 3-Amino-2-formyl butane-1, 4-dioic acid (2) 3-Amino-2, 3-dicarboxy propanal
- (3) 2-Amino-3-formyl butane-1, 4-dioic acid
- (4) 1-Amino-2-formyl succinic acid

Q.34 The IUPAC name of  $C_6H_5CH=CH-COOH$  is:

(1) Cinnamic acid

- (2) 1-Phenyl-2-carboxy ethane
- (3) 3-Phenyl prop-2-enoic acid
- (4) Dihydroxy-3-phenyl propionic acid

Q.35

- (1) 2-Bromomethyl-3-oxohexanamide
- (2) 1-Bromo-2-amino-3-oxohexane
- (3) 1-Bromo-2-amino-n-propyl ketone
- (4) 3-Bromo-2-propyl propanamide

IUPAC name will be  $CH_2 - CH - CH_2$ 

(1) 1,2,3-Tricyano propane

(2) Propane-1,2,3-trinitrile

(3) 1,2,3-Cyano propane

(4) Propane-1,2,3-tricarbonitrile

The IUPAC name of compound Q.37 CH<sub>2</sub>-COOH

- (1) 1,2,3-Tricarboxypropan-2-ol
  - (2) 2-Hydroxy propane-1,2,3-tricarboxylic acid
  - (3) 3-Hydroxy-3-carboxypentane-1,5-dioic acid
  - (4) None

Q.38

(1) 1-Acetoxy acetic acid

(2) 2-Acetoxy ethanoic acid

(3) 2-Ethanoyloxyacetic acid

(4) 2-Ethanoyloxyethanoic acid

 $\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH_3} - \operatorname{O} - \operatorname{C} - \operatorname{CH_2} - \operatorname{COOH} \\ \parallel \\ \operatorname{O} \end{array}$ 

The correct IUPAC systematic name of the above compound is:

(1) 2-Acetoxy ethanoic acid

- (2) 2-Methoxy carbonyl ethanoic acid
- (3) 3-Methoxy formyl ethanoic acid
- (4) 2-Methoxy formyl acetic acid
- Q.40 The IUPAC name of CH<sub>3</sub> is
  - (1) 3-Methyl cyclobut-1-ene-2-ol
- (2) 4-Methyl cyclobut-2-ene-1-ol
- (3) 4-Methyl cyclobut-1-ene-3-ol
- (4) 2-Methyl cyclobut-3-ene-1-ol
- Q.41 The IUPAC name of  $O_2N$ —CHO is:  $OCH_3$ 
  - (1) 2-Methoxy-4-nitro benzaldehyde
- (2) 4-Nitro anisaldehyde
- (3) 3-Methoxy-4-formyl nitro benzene
- (4) 2-Formyl-4-nitro anisole
- Q.42 Identify the compound which is homocyclic, aromatic, and unsaturated?







Q.43 The suffix of the principal group, the prefixes for the other groups and the name of the parent in the structure

- (1) -oic acid, chloro, hydroxy, oxo, methyl, hept-4-ene
- (2) -oic acid, chloro, hydroxy, methyl, oxo, hept-4-ene
- (3) -one, carboxy, chloro. methyl, hydroxy, hept-4-ene
- (4) -one, carboxy, chloro, methyl, hydroxy, hept-4-ene
- Q.44 The I.U.P.A.C. name of  $(C_2H_5)_2$  CH.CH<sub>2</sub> OH is
  - (1) 2-ethyl butanol-1

(2) 2-methyl pentanol-1

(3) 2-ethyl pentanol-1

- (4) 3-ethyl butanol-1
- Q.45 The correct name of 3,3-dimethyl propanamide is
  - (1) 2-methyl butanamide

(2) 3-methyl butanamide

(3) iso-propyl ethanamide

(4) iso propyl acetamide

Q.46 The IUPAC name of

$$CH_3 - CH_2 - CH - COOC_2H_5$$
 is  $CH_3$ 

(1) 2-ethyl-ethyl acetate

- (2) ethyl 3-methyl butanoate
- (3) ethyl 2-methyl butanoate

- (4) 2-methyl butanoic acid ethyl ester
- Q.47 The IUPAC name of  $N \equiv C - CH_2 - CH_2 - OH$  is;
  - (1) 1-hydroxy ethanenitrile

(2) 3-hydroxy propanenitrile

(3) 2-hydroxy ethyl cyanide

(4) 1-hydroxy-2-cyanoethane

Q.48 
$$CH_3 - CH_2 - CH - CH - CH_3$$

The IUPAC name of this compound is

(1) 2-isopropyl butanal

(2) 2-ethyl-3-methyl butanal

(3) 3-ethyl-2-methyl butanal

(4) 2-methyl pentane-3-aldehyde

The IUPAC name of Q.49

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{CHO} \\ | \\ \text{OHC}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CHO} \quad is \end{array};$$

- (1) 4, 4-di(formylmethyl) butanal
- (3) hexane-3-acetal-1, 6-dial
- (2) 2-(formylmethyl) butane-1, 4-dicarbaldehyde
- (4) 3-(formylmethyl) hexane-1, 6-dial
- Q.50 The IUPAC name of compound

- (1) Tricarboxy methane
- (3) Tributanoic acid

- (2) Propane trioic acid
- (4) 2- carboxy propanedioic acid
- The IUPAC name of  $\bigcup_{i=1}^{O} \bigcup_{j=1}^{OH} is$  -Q.51
  - (1) 4-oxo-2-pentanol
  - (3) pentane-4-ol-2-one

- (2) 4-hydroxy-2-pentanone
- (4) pentane-2-one-4-ol
- Q.52 Which of the following is crotonic acid:
  - (1)  $CH_2 = CH COOH$
  - (3) CH<sub>3</sub>-CH=CH-COOH

- (2)  $C_6H_5$ -CH=CH-COOH
- (4) CH COOH ÜН-СООН

- Q.53 The IUPAC name of  $\begin{array}{c} O \\ \parallel \\ C CH_3 \end{array}$  is:
  - (1)Phenyl ethanone

(2) Methyl phenyl ketone

(3) Acetophenone

- (4) Phenyl methyl ketone
- Q.54 Structural formula of isopropyl methanoate is:
- (3)  $CH_3 C O CH_2 CH_2$   $\parallel$   $CH_3$
- Q.55 The I.U.P.A.C name of the compound having structure  $C_2H_5 C CH CH_3$  is  $\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$ 
  - (1) 3-methyl-2-ethyl butene-1
- (2) 2-ethyl-3-methyl butene-1
- (3) 3-ethyl-3-methyl butene-1
- (4) ethyl isopropyl ethene
- Q.56 The IUPAC name of  $CH_2 = CH C = CH$  is
  - (1) 1–Butenyne–3
- (2) 1–Butynene–3
- (3) Vinyl acetylene
- (4) all of them

- Q.57 The correct IUPAC name of 2-ethyl-3-pentyne is:
  - (1) 3-methyl hexyne-4

(2) 4-ethyl pentyne-2

(3) 4-methyl hexyne-2

- (4) None of these
- Q.58 The I.U.P.A.C. name of following structure (CH<sub>3</sub>) C.C.C. (CH<sub>3</sub>) CH (CH<sub>3</sub>) is -
  - (1) 3-methyl-4-hexynene-2

(2) 3-methyl-2-hexenyne-4

(3) 4-methyl-4-hexenyne-4

- (4) all are correct
- Q.59 The IUPAC name of  $\beta$ -ethoxy- $\alpha$ -hydroxy propionic acid (trivial name) is:
  - (1) 1,2-Dihydroxy-1-oxo-3-ethoxy propane
  - (2) 1-Carboxy-2-ethoxy ethanol
  - (3) 3-Ethoxy-2-hydroxy propanoic acid
  - (4) All above
- Q.60 The IUPAC name of the given compound is:

- (1) 1,1-Dimethyl-3-hydroxy cyclohexane
- (2) 3,3-Dimethyl-1-hydroxy cyclohexane

- (3) 3,3-Dimethylcyclohexanol
- (4) 1,1-Dimethylcyclohexan-3-ol

## **ANSWER KEY**

Q.1	4	Q.2	3	Q.3	3	Q.4	4	Q.5	1	Q.6	2	Q.7	2
Q.8	2	Q.9	3	Q.10	1	Q.11	1	Q.12	2	Q.13	2	Q.14	4
Q.15	2	Q.16	3	Q.17	3	Q.18	4	Q.19	3	Q.20	4	Q.21	2
Q.22	3	Q.23	2	Q.24	2	Q.25	3	Q.26	3	Q.27	3	Q.28	2
Q.29	1	Q.30	4	Q.31	4	Q.32	2	Q.33	3	Q.34	3	Q.35	1
Q.36	4	Q.37	2	Q.38	4	Q.39	2	Q.40	2	Q.41	1	Q.42	2
Q.43	2	Q.44	1	Q.45	2	Q.46	3	Q.47	2	Q.48	2	Q.49	4
Q.50	4	Q.51	2	Q.52	3	Q.53	1	Q.54	4	Q.55	2	Q.56	1
0.57	3	0.58	2	0.59	3	0.60	3						