

SAISAT SYLLABUS



1 Year Program for students currently in Class 11 (JEE)

Time - 1 Hour 30 Minutes (Objective Type)

PHYSICS

- Units & Dimensions
- Kinematics
- Laws of Motion
- Work, Energy and Power
- Motion of System of Particles and Rigid Body
- Gravitation



CHEMISTRY

- Some Basic Concepts of Chemistry
- Structure of Atom
- Classification of Elements and Periodicity in Properties
- Chemical Bonding and Molecular Structure
- Thermodynamics
- Redox Reactions

15 Questions

MATHEMATICS

- Basic Mathematics
- Trigonometry



- Algebra
- **Coordinate Geometry**
- Limits and Derivative

Concept of Hyperloop

A Hyperloop is a proposed high-speed transportation system for both passenger and freight transport. The term was coined by Elon Musk to describe the modern opensource project originally conceived in the 1900s. Hyperloop is described as a big vacuum sealed tube or a system of connected vacuum sealed tubes having very low air pressure through which a pod may travel substantially free of air resistance or friction.

Proposed hyperloop designs employ three essential components: tubes, pods, and terminals. Here, a tube is a large sealed, low-pressure system. A pressurized coach (at atmospheric pressure) runs inside this controlled low-pressure environment (which is usually a long tunnel). A coach is often called a pod. The pod may use aerodynamic or magnetic propulsion to glide along a fixed guideway, with terminals handling pod arrivals and departures.



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15 Questions



BIOLOGY

- Diversity of Living Organisms
- Structural Organisation in Plants and Animals







DNA is the chemical name for the molecule that carnies genetic instructions in all living things. The DNA molecule consists of two strands that wind around one another to form a shape known as a double helix. Each strand has a backbone made of alternating sugar (deoxyribose) and phosphate groups. Attached to each sugar is one of four bases--adenine (A) cytosine (C) guanine (G) and thymine (T). The two strands are held together by bonds between the bases; adenine bonds with thymine, and cytosine bonds with guanine. The sequence of the bases along the backbones serves as instructions for assembling protein and RNA molecules.





SAISAT SYLLABUS



2 Year Program for students currently in Class 10 (JEE)

Time - 1 Hour 30 Minutes (Objective Type)

Mental Ability Test

- Verbal Reasoning
- Non Verbal Reasoning
- Logical Reasoning
- Analytical Reasoning



PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY

- Chemical Reactions and Equations
- Acids, Bases and Salts
- Metals and non-metals
- Light Reflection and Refraction
- Human eye and colourful world



15+15 Questions

MATHEMATICS

- NUMBER SYSTEMS
- ALGEBRA



- COORDINATE GEOMETRY
- TRIANGLES
- TRIGONOMETRY
- STATISTICS & PROBABILITY

Concept of Suspension Bridge

A suspension bridge is a type of bridge in which the deck is hung below suspension cables on vertical suspenders. The first modern examples of this type of bridge were built in the early 1800s.

The suspension cables must be anchored at each end of the bridge, since any load applied to the bridge is transformed into a tension in these main cables. The main cables continue beyond the pillars to deck-level supports, and further continue to connections with anchors in the ground. The roadway is supported by vertical suspender cables or rods, called hangers. In some circumstances, the towers may sit on a bluff or canyon edge where the road may proceed directly to the main span, otherwise the bridge will usually have two smaller spans, running between either pair of pillars and the highway, which may be supported by suspender cables or their own trusswork. In the latter case, there will be very little arc in the outboard main cables.



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- Analytical Reasoning



PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY

- Chemical Reactions and Equations
- Acids, Bases and Salts
- Metals and non-metals
- Light Reflection and Refraction
- Human eye and colourful world



15+15 Questions





• Life processes

BIOLOGY

Of Concept of Designer Baby

A designer baby is a baby whose genetic makeup has been selected or altered, often to include a particular gene or to remove genes associated with disease. This process usually involves analysing a wide range of human embryos to identify genes associated with particular diseases and characteristics, and selecting embryos that have the desired genetic makeup: a process known as preimplantation genetic diagnosis. Other potential methods by which a baby's genetic information can be altered involve directly editing the genome before birth. This process is not routinely performed and only one instance of this is known to have occurred as of 2019, where Chinese twins Lulu and Nana were edited as embryos, causing widespread criticism.



SAISAT SYLLABUS



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Mental Ability Test

- Verbal Reasoning
- Non Verbal Reasoning
- Logical Reasoning
- Analytical Reasoning

10 Questions

SCIENCE

- Is matter around us Pure
- The Fundamental Unit of Life
- Tissues
- Motion
- Force and Laws of Motion

30 Questions

MATHEMATICS

NUMBER SYSTEMS



- ALGEBRA
- COORDINATE GEOMETRY
- GEOMETRY
- STATISTICS







Raw carrots are 88% water. 9% carbohydrates. 0.9% protein. 2.8% dietary fiber. 1% ash and 0.2% fat. Carrot dietary fiber comprises mostly cellulose, with smaller proportions of hemicellulose, lignin and starch.[68] Free sugars in carrot include sucrose, glucose, and fructose.

Polyacetylenes can be found in Apiaceae vegetables like carrots where they show cytotoxic activities. Falcarinol and falcarindiol (cis-heptadeca-1,9-diene-4,6-diyne-3,8-diol) are such compounds. This latter compound shows antifungal activity towards Mycocentrospora acerina and Cladosporium cladosporioides. Falcarindiol is the main compound responsible for bitterness in carrots.



SAISAT SYLLABUS



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SCIENCE

- Crop Production
- Microorganisms
- Coal and Petroleum
- Combustion and Flame
- Conservation of Plant and Animal
- Force and Pressure
- Friction

30 Questions

MATHEMATICS

- NUMBER SYSTEMS
- ALGEBRA





- GEOMETRY
- STATISTICS & PROBABILITY
- SQUARE AND SQUARE ROOT
- CUBE AND CUBE ROOT

🞯 Maths in Bermuda Triangle

You are scientist & want to know what happens at BERMUDA Triangle – a place where (supposedly) all planes crash when they reach there.

Vou have a theory that there is some strong magnetic field there & you have a special plane equipped with instruments to measure that.
Now, since you can not actually go to Bermuda Triangle, you approach it from different sides & measure readings.
If all reading match to say value A - You say, "The actual reading at Bermuda Triangle should be almost A."
If all reading are not same. You say "No exact value which can be determined exist at Bermuda triangle."