

1 - JEE Main Maths 24-Jan 2026 Shift -1

Q1. Let $S = \frac{1}{25!} + \frac{1}{3! 23!} + \frac{1}{5! 21!} + \dots$ up to 13 terms. If $13S = \frac{2^k}{n!}$, $k \in \mathbb{N}$, then $n + k$ is equal to
[2026]

- 1) 50
2) 49
3) 52
4) 51

Q2. Let $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$, $\vec{b} = \hat{i} + \hat{j}$ and $\vec{c} = \vec{a} \times \vec{b}$. Let \vec{d} be a vector such that $|\vec{d} - \vec{a}| = \sqrt{11}$, $|\vec{c} \times \vec{d}| = 3$ and the angle between \vec{c} and \vec{d} is $\frac{\pi}{4}$. Then $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{d}$ is equal to
[2026]

- 1) 3
2) 1
3) 0
4) 11

Q3. Let a circle of radius 4 pass through the origin O, the points $A(-\sqrt{3}a, 0)$ and $B(0, -\sqrt{2}b)$, where a and b are real parameters and $ab \neq 0$. Then the locus of the centroid of ΔOAB is a circle of radius
[2026]

- 1) $\frac{7}{3}$
2) $\frac{8}{3}$
3) $\frac{5}{3}$
4) $\frac{11}{3}$

Q4. Let $S = \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C} : \left| \frac{z-6i}{z-2i} \right| = 1 \text{ and } \left| \frac{z-8+2i}{z+2i} \right| = \frac{3}{5} \right\}$.

Then $\sum_{z \in S} |z|^2$ is equal to
[2026]

- 1) 423
2) 385
3) 413
4) 398

Q5.

If $\cot x = \frac{5}{12}$ for some $x \in \left(\pi, \frac{3\pi}{2} \right)$, then $\sin 7x \left(\cos \frac{13x}{2} + \sin \frac{13x}{2} \right) + \cos 7x \left(\cos \frac{13x}{2} - \sin \frac{13x}{2} \right)$ is equal to
[2026]

- 1) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{13}}$
2) $\frac{6}{\sqrt{26}}$
3) $\frac{5}{\sqrt{13}}$
4) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{26}}$

Q6. Let R be a relation defined on the set $\{1, 2, 3, 4\} \times \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ by $R = \{ ((a, b), (c, d)) : 2a + 3b = 3c + 4d \}$.

Then the number of elements in R is
[2026]

- 1) 15
2) 6
3) 18
4) 12

Q7. Let the lines $L_1: \vec{r} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k} + \lambda(2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 4\hat{k})$, $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$ and $L_2: \vec{r} = (4\hat{i} + \hat{j}) + \mu(5\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k})$, $\mu \in \mathbb{R}$, intersect at the point R. Let P and Q be the points lying on lines L_1 and L_2 respectively, such that $|\vec{PR}| = \sqrt{29}$ and $|\vec{PQ}| = \sqrt{\frac{47}{3}}$. If the point P lies in the first octant, then $27(QR)^2$ is equal to
[2026]

1) 320

2) 340

3) 360

4) 348

Q8. Let $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}$ be such that the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2\alpha(x^2 - 2) + 2\beta x, & x < 1 \\ (\alpha + 3)x + (\alpha - \beta), & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$

be differentiable at all $x \in \mathbb{R}$. Then $34(\alpha + \beta)$ is equal to [2026]

1) 84

2) 24

3) 36

4) 48

Q9. If the domain of the function

$$f(x) = \log_{(10x^2 - 17x + 7)}(18x^2 - 11x + 1)$$

is $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, c) \cup (d, \infty) - \{e\}$, then $90(a + b + c + d + e)$ equals: [2026]

1) 316

2) 177

3) 170

4) 307

Q10. Let $A(1, 0)$, $B(2, -1)$ and $C\left(\frac{7}{3}, \frac{4}{3}\right)$ be three points. If the equation of the bisector of the angle ABC is $\alpha x + \beta y = 5$, then the value of $\alpha^2 + \beta^2$ is [2026]

1) 10

2) 5

3) 8

4) 13

Q11. The number of real solutions of the equation $x|x + 3| + |x - 1| - 2 = 0$ is: [2026]

1) 3

2) 2

3) 5

4) 4

Q12. From a lot containing 10 defective and 90 non-defective bulbs, 8 bulbs are selected one by one with replacement. Then the probability of getting at least 7 defective bulbs is [2026]

1) $\frac{73}{10^8}$

2) $\frac{67}{10^8}$

3) $\frac{81}{10^8}$

4) $\frac{7}{10^7}$

Q13. The mean and variance of a data of 10 observations are 10 and 2, respectively. If an observation α in this data is replaced by β , then the mean and variance become 10.1 and 1.99, respectively. Then $\alpha + \beta$ equals: [2026]

1) 5

2) 15

3) 10

4) 20

Q14. The value of $\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{cosec} 20^\circ - \sec 20^\circ}{\cos 20^\circ \cos 40^\circ \cos 60^\circ \cos 80^\circ}$ is equal to: [2026]

1) 64

2) 16

3) 12

4) 32

Q15. Consider an A.P.: a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n ; $a_1 > 0$. If $a_2 - a_1 = \frac{-3}{4}$, $a_n = \frac{1}{4}a_1$ and $\sum_{i=1}^n a_i = \frac{525}{2}$, then $\sum_{i=1}^{17} a_i$ is equal to: [2026]

1) 952

2) 136

3) 476

4) 238

Q16. Let 729, 81, 9, 1, ... be a sequence and P_n denote the product of the first n terms of this sequence.

If $2 \sum_{n=1}^{40} (P_n)^{\frac{1}{n}} = \frac{3^\alpha - 1}{3^\beta}$ and $\gcd(\alpha, \beta) = 1$, then $\alpha + \beta$ is equal to: **[2026]**

1) 74

2) 76

3) 75

4) 73

Q17. Let A_1 be the bounded area enclosed by the curves $y = x^2 + 2$, $x + y = 8$ and y -axis that lies in the first quadrant. Let A_2 be the bounded area enclosed by the curves $y = x^2 + 2$, $y^2 = x$, $x = 2$, and y -axis that lies in the first quadrant. Then $A_1 - A_2$ is equal to **[2026]**

1) $\frac{2}{3}(\sqrt{2} + 1)$

2) $\frac{2}{3}(4\sqrt{2} + 1)$

3) $\frac{2}{3}(3\sqrt{2} + 1)$

4) $\frac{2}{3}(2\sqrt{2} + 1)$

Q18. If the function $f(x) = \frac{e^x(e^{\tan x - x} - 1) + \log_e(\sec x + \tan x) - x}{\tan x - x}$ is continuous at $x = 0$, then the value of $f(0)$ is equal to **[2026]**

1) $\frac{2}{3}$

2) $\frac{3}{2}$

3) 2

4) $\frac{1}{2}$

Q19. Let $f(t) = \int \left(\frac{1 - \sin(\log_e t)}{1 - \cos(\log_e t)} \right) dt$, $t > 1$.

If $f(e^{\pi/2}) = -e^{\pi/2}$ and $f(e^{\pi/4}) = \alpha e^{\pi/4}$, then α equals **[2026]**

1) $-1 - \sqrt{2}$

2) $1 + \sqrt{2}$

3) $-1 - 2\sqrt{2}$

4) $-1 + \sqrt{2}$

Q20. Let each of the two ellipses $E_1: \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$, ($a > b$) and $E_2: \frac{x^2}{A^2} + \frac{y^2}{B^2} = 1$, ($A < B$) have eccentricity $\frac{4}{5}$. Let the lengths of the latus recta of E_1 and E_2 be l_1 and l_2 , respectively, such that $2l_1^2 = 9l_2$. If the distance between the foci of E_1 is 8, then the distance between the foci of E_2 is **[2026]**

1) $\frac{8}{5}$

2) $\frac{96}{5}$

3) $\frac{16}{5}$

4) $\frac{32}{5}$

Q21. Let a differentiable function f satisfy the equation $\int_0^{36} f\left(\frac{tx}{36}\right) dt = 4\alpha f(x)$. If $y = f(x)$ is a standard parabola passing through the points (2, 1) and $(-4, \beta)$, then β^α is equal to _____. **[2026]**

Q22. The number of 3×2 matrices A , which can be formed using the elements of the set $\{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2\}$ such that the sum of all the diagonal elements of $A^T A$ is 5, is _____. **[2026]**

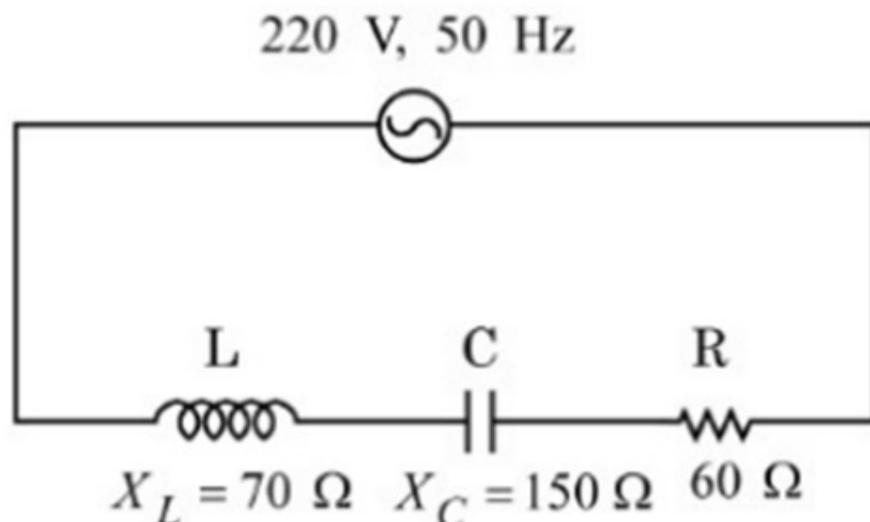
Q23. The number of numbers greater than 5000, less than 9000 and divisible by 3, that can be formed using the digits 0, 1, 2, 5, 9, if the repetition of the digits is allowed, is _____. **[2026]**

D. X-ray	IV. due to rapid acceleration of electrons
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Choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1) A-II, B-IV, C-III, D-I | 2) A-IV, B-II, C-I, D-III |
| 3) A-IV, B-I, C-II, D-III | 4) A-IV, B-III, C-I, D-II |

Q37. For the series LCR circuit connected with 220 V, 50 Hz a.c. source as shown in the figure, the power factor is $\frac{\alpha}{10}$. The value of α is _____. [2026]



- | | |
|-------|------|
| 1) 10 | 2) 4 |
| 3) 8 | 4) 6 |

Q38. Two masses 400 g and 350 g are suspended from the ends of a light string passing over a heavy pulley of radius 2 cm. When released from rest, the heavier mass is observed to fall 81 cm in 9 s. The rotational inertia of the pulley is _____ $\text{kg}\cdot\text{m}^2$.

($g = 9.8\text{m/s}^2$) [2026]

- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1) 4.75×10^{-3} | 2) 8.3×10^{-3} |
| 3) 9.5×10^{-3} | 4) 1.86×10^{-2} |

Q39. There are three co-centric conducting spherical shells A, B and C of radii a , b and c respectively ($c > b > a$) and they are charged with charges q_1 , q_2 and q_3 respectively. The potentials of the spheres A, B and C respectively, are: [2026]

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1) $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{q_1 + q_2 + q_3}{a} \right)$, $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{q_1 + q_2 + q_3}{b} \right)$, $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{q_1 + q_2 + q_3}{c} \right)$ | 2) $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{q_1}{a} + \frac{q_2}{b} + \frac{q_3}{c} \right)$, $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{q_1 + q_2}{b} + \frac{q_3}{c} \right)$, $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{q_1 + q_2}{c} \right)$ |
| 3) $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{q_1}{a} + \frac{q_2}{b} + \frac{q_3}{c} \right)$, $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{q_1 + q_2 + q_3}{b} \right)$, $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{q_1 + q_2 + q_3}{c} \right)$ | 4) $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{q_1 + q_2 + q_3}{c} \right)$, $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{q_1 + q_2 + q_3}{a} \right)$, $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{q_1 + q_2}{b} + \frac{q_3}{c} \right)$ |

Q40. A brass wire of length 2 m and radius 1 mm at 27°C is held taut between two rigid supports. Initially, it was cooled to a temperature of -43°C creating a tension T in the wire. The temperature to which the wire has to be cooled in order to increase the tension in it to $1.4T$, is _____ $^\circ\text{C}$.

[2026]

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1) - 80 | 2) - 65 |
| 3) - 71 | 4) - 86 |

Q41. Two resistors of 100Ω each are connected in series with a 9 V battery. A voltmeter of 400Ω resistance is connected to measure the voltage drop across one of the resistors. The voltmeter reading is _____ V. [2026]

1) 4

2) 3

3) 2

4) 4.5

Q42. Two electrons are moving in orbits of two hydrogen-like atoms with speeds 3×10^5 m/s and 2.5×10^5 m/s respectively. If the radii of these orbits are nearly same, then the possible order of energy states are _____ respectively. **[2026]**

1) 8 and 10

2) 6 and 5

3) 10 and 12

4) 9 and 8

Q43. The electrostatic potential in a charged spherical region of radius r varies as $V = ar^3 + b$, where a and b are constants. The total charge in the sphere of unit radius is $\alpha \times \pi a \epsilon_0$. The value of α is _____.

(Permittivity of vacuum is ϵ_0)

[2026]

1) - 12

2) - 8

3) - 9

4) - 6

Q44. Given below are two statements:

Statement I: For all elements, greater the mass of the nucleus, greater is the binding energy per nucleon.

Statement II: For all elements, nuclei with less binding energy per nucleon transform to nuclei with greater binding energy per nucleon.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

[2026]

1) Statement I is true but Statement II is false

2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false

3) Statement I is false but Statement II is true

4) Both Statement I and Statement II are true

Q45. Density of water at 4°C and 20°C are 1000 kg/m^3 and 998 kg/m^3 respectively. The increase in internal energy of 4kg of water when it is heated from 4°C to 20°C is _____ J.

(Specific heat capacity of water = 4.2 J/kg , and 1 atmospheric pressure = 10^5 Pa)

[2026]

1) 315826.2

2) 234699.2

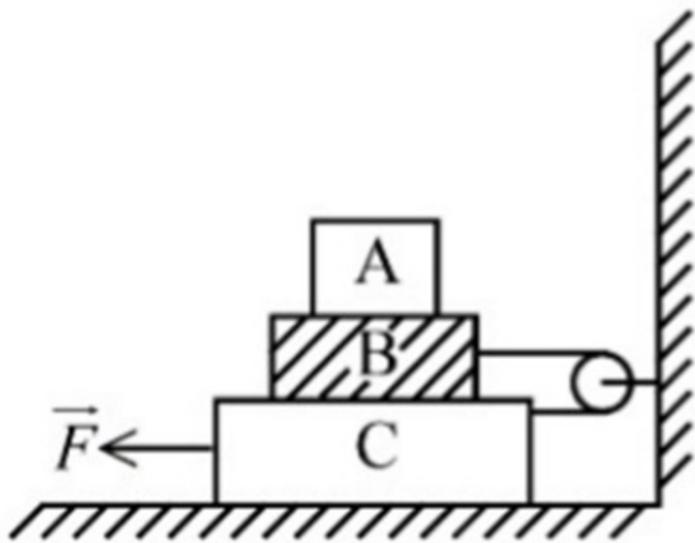
3) 258700.8

4) 268799.2

Q46. A voltage regulating circuit consisting of a Zener diode, having break-down voltage of 10 V and maximum power dissipation of 0.4 W, is operated at 15 V. The approximate value of protective resistance in this circuit is _____ Ω . **[2026]**

Q47. A gas of certain mass filled in a closed cylinder at a pressure of 3.23 kPa has temperature 50°C . The gas is now heated to double its temperature. The modified pressure is _____ Pa. **[2026]**

Q48. In the given figure, the blocks A, B and C weigh 4 kg, 6 kg and 8 kg respectively. The coefficient of sliding friction between any two surfaces is 0.5. The force \vec{F} required to slide the block C with constant speed is _____ N. (Use $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$) **[2026]**



Q49. A short bar magnet placed with its axis at 30° with an external field of 800 Gauss experiences a torque of 0.016 N.m. The work done in moving it from the most stable to the most unstable position is $\alpha \times 10^{-3}$ J. The value of α is _____. [2026]

Q50. Sixty four rain drops of radius 1 mm each falling down with a terminal velocity of 10 cm/s coalesce to form a bigger drop. The terminal velocity of the bigger drop is _____ cm/s. [2026]

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Q51. Consider three metal chlorides x, y and z, where x is water soluble at room temperature, y is sparingly soluble in water at room temperature and z is soluble in hot water. x, y and z are respectively [2026]

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1) MgCl_2 , AgCl and AlCl_3 | 2) AlCl_3 , PbCl_2 and BaCl_2 |
| 3) CuCl_2 , AgCl and PbCl_2 | 4) AgCl, Hg_2Cl_2 and PbCl_2 |

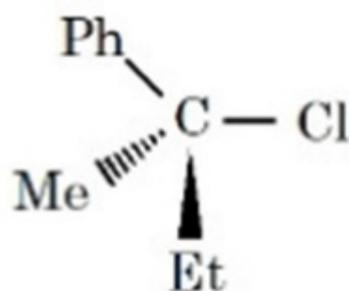
Q52. A hydroxy compound (X) with molar mass 122 g mol^{-1} is acetylated with acetic anhydride, using a large excess of the reagent ensuring complete acetylation of all hydroxyl groups. The product obtained has a molar mass of 290 g mol^{-1} . The number of hydroxyl groups present in compound (X) is: [2026]

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1) 5 | 2) 2 |
| 3) 3 | 4) 4 |

Q53. Given below are two statements:

Statement I: 'C-Cl' bond is stronger in $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CH}-\text{Cl}$ than $\text{CH}_3-\text{CH}_2-\text{Cl}$.

Statement II: The given optically active molecule,



on hydrolysis gives a solution

that can rotate the plane polarized light.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

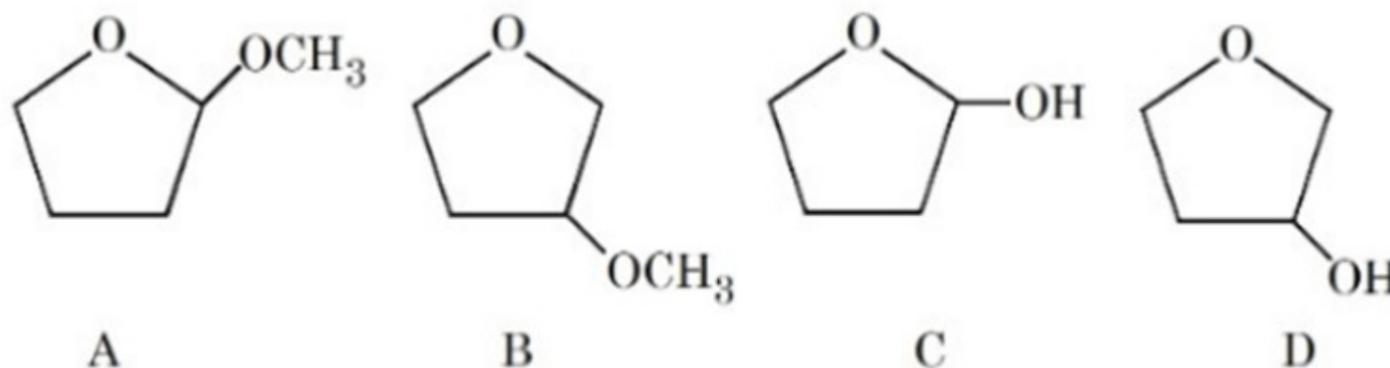
[2026]

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1) Both Statement I and Statement II are false | 2) Statement I is true but Statement II is false |
|--|--|

3) Statement I is false but Statement II is true

4) Both Statement I and Statement II are true

Q54. A student is given one compound among the following compounds that gives positive test with Tollen's reagent.



The compound is: [2026]

1) D

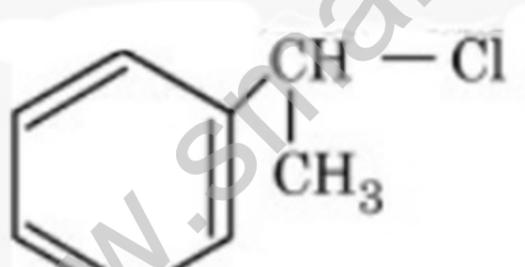
2) B

3) C

4) A

Q55. Match the LIST-I with LIST-II

[2026]

List - I		List - II	
Chloro derivative		Example	
A.	Vinyl chloride	I.	$\text{CH}_2 = \text{CH} - \text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$
B.	Benzyl chloride	II.	$\text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}(\text{Cl})\text{CH}_3$
C.	Alkyl chloride	III.	$\text{CH}_2 = \text{CHCl}$
D.	Allyl chloride	IV.	

Choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

1) A-I, B-II, C-IV, D-III

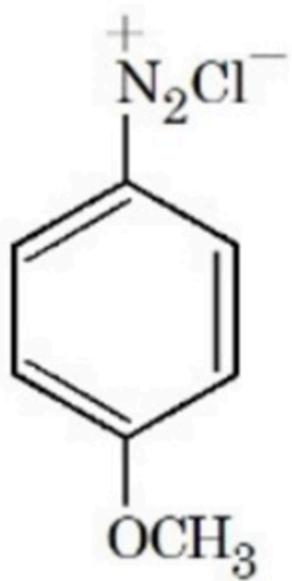
2) A-IV, B-I, C-III, D-II

3) A-III, B-IV, C-II, D-I

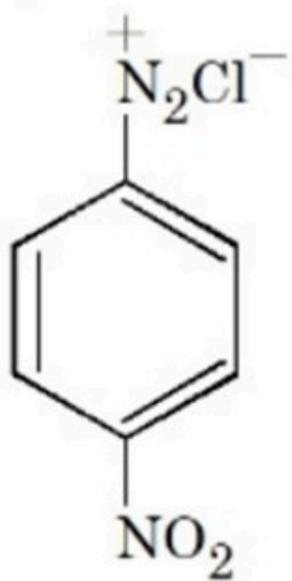
4) A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II

Q56. The correct stability order of the following diazonium salts is:

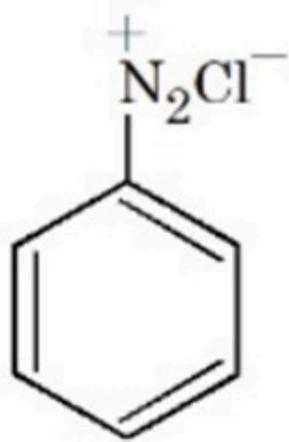
[2026]



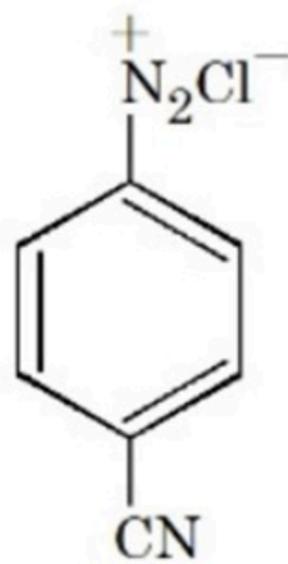
(A)



(B)



(C)



(D)

1) $A > C > D > B$

3) $C > D > B > A$

2) $A > B > C > D$

4) $C > A > D > B$

Q57. Given below are statements about some molecules/ions. Identify the **CORRECT** statements.

A. The dipole moment value of NF_3 is higher than that of NH_3 .

B. The dipole moment value of BeH_2 is zero.

C. The bond order of O_2^{2-} and F_2 is same.

D. The formal charge on the central oxygen atom of ozone is -1 .

E. In NO_2 , all the three atoms satisfy the octet rule, hence it is very stable.

Choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

[2026]

1) B, C & D only

3) A, C & D only

2) B & C only

4) A, B, C, D & E

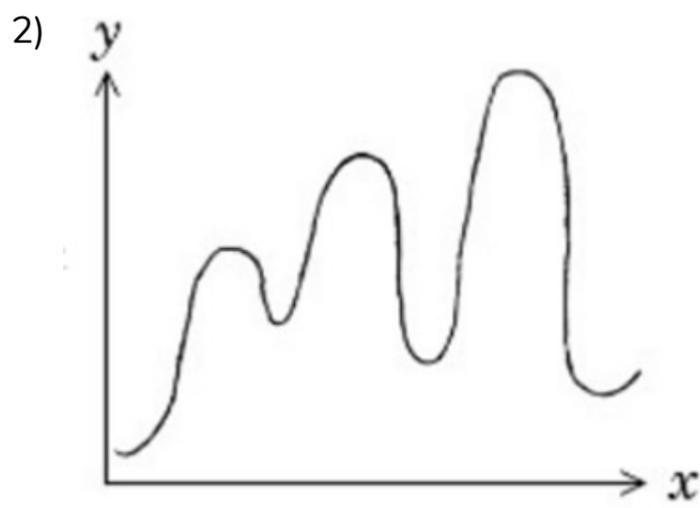
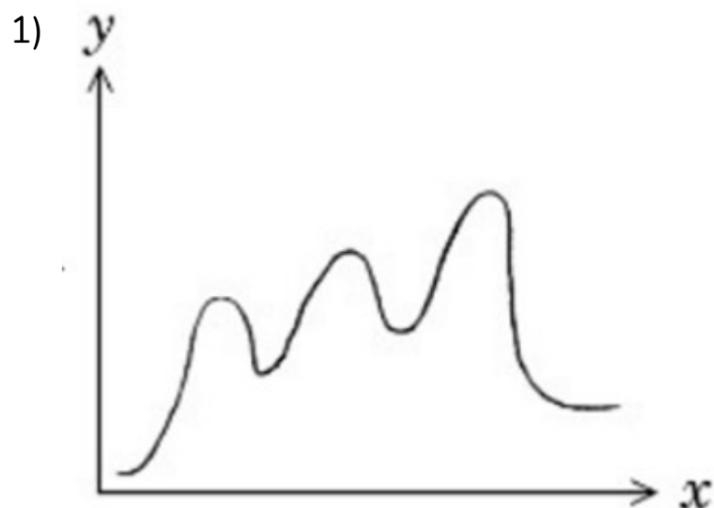
Q58. $A \rightarrow D$ is an endothermic reaction occurring in three steps (elementary).

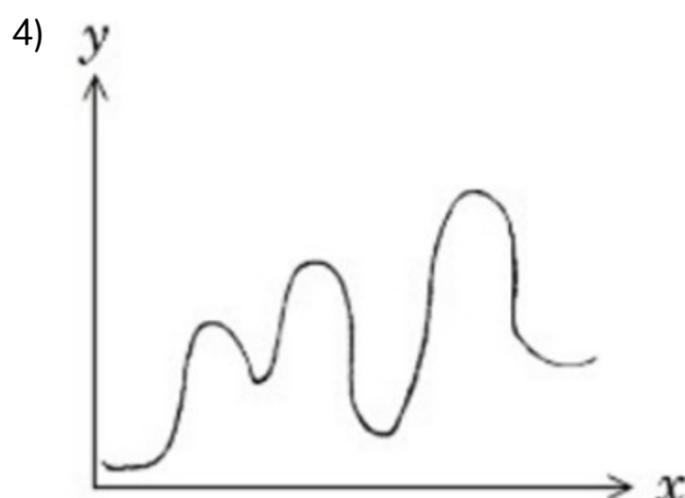
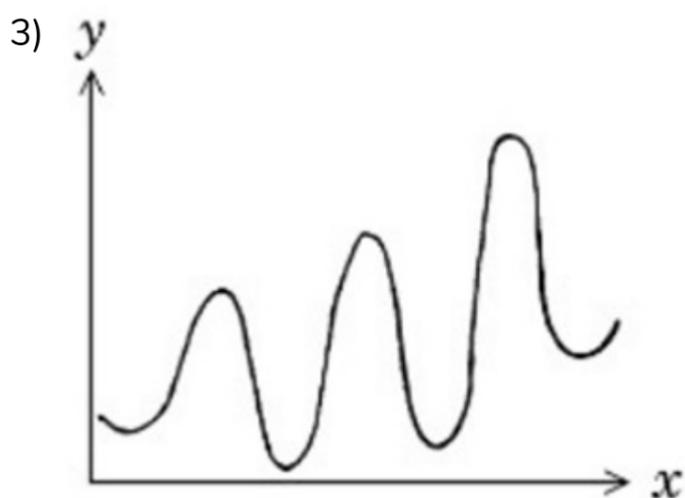
(i) $A \rightarrow B \Delta H_i = +ve$

(ii) $B \rightarrow C \Delta H_{ii} = -ve$

(iii) $C \rightarrow D \Delta H_{iii} = -ve$

Which of the following graphs between potential energy (y-axis) vs reaction coordinate (x-axis) correctly represents the reaction profile of $A \rightarrow D$? [2026]





Q59. At 27 °C in presence of a catalyst, activation energy of a reaction is lowered by 10 kJ mol⁻¹. The logarithm of ratio of $\frac{k(\text{catalysed})}{k(\text{uncatalysed})}$ is...

(Consider that the frequency factor for both the reactions is same)

[2026]

1) 3.482

2) 17.41

3) 1.741

4) 0.1741

Q60. Given below are two statements:

Statement I: The number of paramagnetic species among $[\text{CoF}_6]^{3-}$, $[\text{TiF}_6]^{3-}$, V_2O_5 and $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$ is 3.

Statement II: $\text{K}_4[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6] < \text{K}_3[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6] < [\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]\text{SO}_4 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O} < [\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]\text{Cl}_3$

is the correct order in terms of number of unpaired electron(s) present in the complexes.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[2026]

1) Both Statement I and Statement II are false

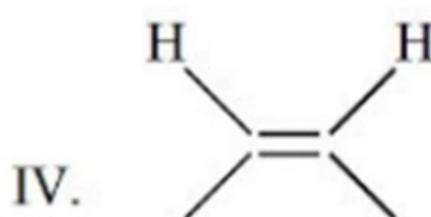
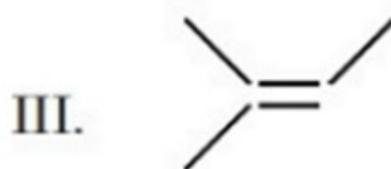
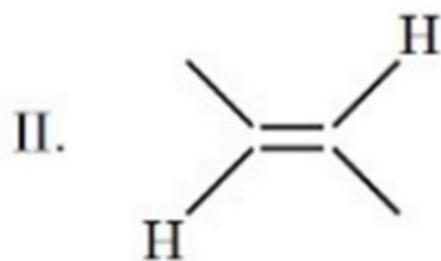
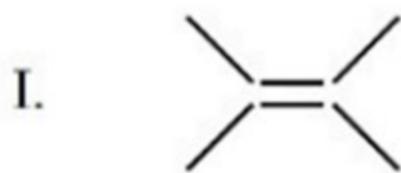
2) Both Statement I and Statement II are true

3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false

4) Statement I is false but Statement II is true

Q61. Arrange the following alkenes in decreasing order of stability.

[2026]



Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

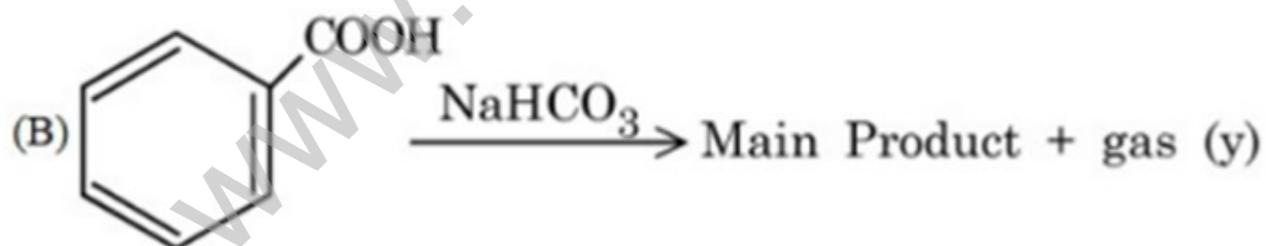
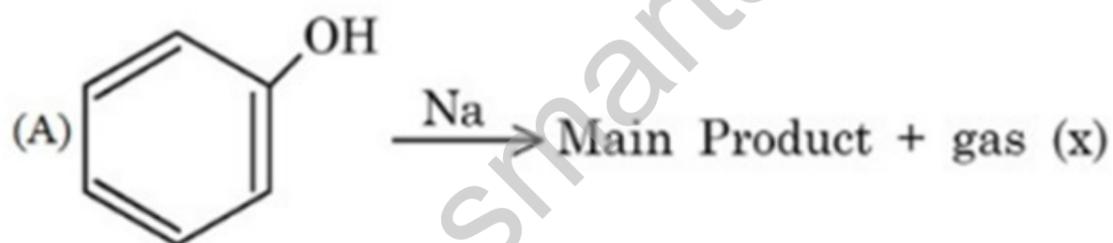
1) III > II > I > IV

2) I > III > IV > II

3) I > III > II > IV

4) III > I > II > IV

Q62. Consider the following two reactions A and B.



Numerical value of [molar mass of x + molar mass of y] is _____. [2026]

1) 88

2) 160

3) 4

4) 46

Q63. Given below are two statements:

Statement I: Hybridisation, shape and spin-only magnetic moment of $K_3[Co(CO_3)_3]$ is sp^3d^2 , octahedral and 4.9 BM respectively.

Statement II: Geometry, hybridisation and spin-only magnetic moment values (BM) of the ions $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2-}$, $[MnBr_4]^{2-}$ and $[CoF_6]^{3-}$ respectively are square planar, tetrahedral, octahedral; dsp^2 , sp^3 , sp^3d^2 and 0, 5.9, 4.9.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[2026]

- 1) Both Statement I and Statement II are true 2) Statement I is false but Statement II is true
 3) Both Statement I and Statement II are false 4) Statement I is true but Statement II is false

Q64. Match the LIST-I with LIST-II [2026]

	List - I		List - II
	Isothermal process for ideal gas system		Work done, $(V_f > V_i)$
A.	Reversible expansion	I.	$w = 0$
B.	Free expansion	II.	$w = -nRT \ln \frac{V_f}{V_i}$
C.	Irreversible expansion	III.	$w = -p_{\text{ex}} (V_f - V_i)$
D.	Irreversible compression	IV.	$w = -p_{\text{ex}} (V_i - V_f)$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1) A-I, B-III, C-II, D-IV 2) A-IV, B-I, C-III, D-II
 3) A-II, B-I, C-III, D-IV 4) A-IV, B-II, C-III, D-I

Q65. Among the following, the **CORRECT** combinations are:

- A. $\text{IF}_3 \rightarrow$ T-shaped (sp^3d)
 B. $\text{IF}_5 \rightarrow$ Square pyramidal (sp^3d^2)
 C. $\text{IF}_7 \rightarrow$ Pentagonal bipyramidal (sp^3d^3)
 D. $\text{ClO}_4^- \rightarrow$ Square planar (sp^2d)

Choose the correct answer from the options given below: [2026]

- 1) A and B Only 2) B, C and D Only
 3) A, B and C Only 4) A, B, C and D

Q66. Given below are two statements:

Statement I: $\text{K} > \text{Mg} > \text{Al} > \text{B}$ is the correct order in terms of metallic character.

Statement II: Atomic radius is always greater than the ionic radius for any element.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

[2026]

- 1) Both Statement I and Statement II are false 2) Statement I is true but Statement II is false
 3) Statement I is false but Statement II is true 4) Both Statement I and Statement II are true

Q67. A solution is prepared by dissolving 0.3 g of a non-volatile non-electrolyte solute **A** of molar mass 60 g mol^{-1} and 0.9 g of a non-volatile non-electrolyte solute **B** of molar mass 180 g mol^{-1} in 100 mL H_2O at 27°C . Osmotic pressure of the solution will be:

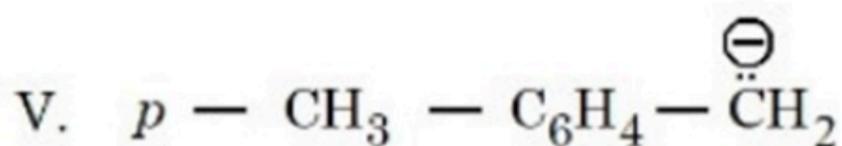
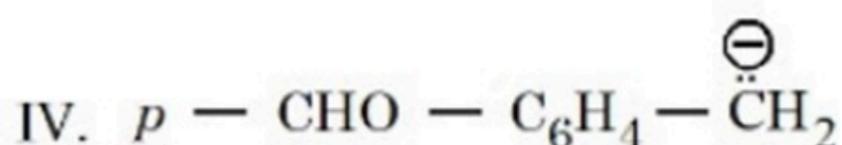
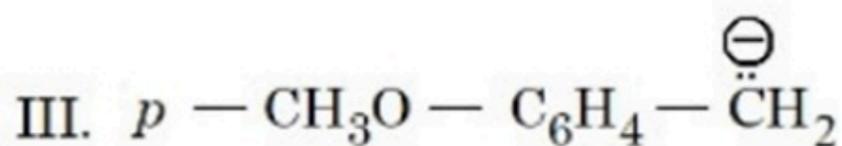
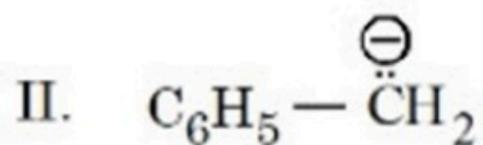
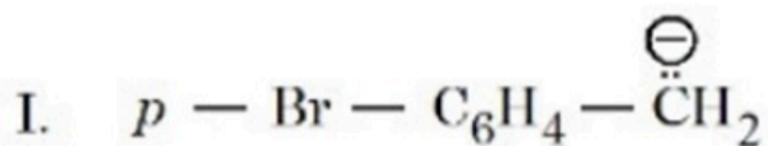
[Given: $R = 0.082 \text{ L atm K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$] [2026]

- 1) 1.23 atm 2) 1.47 atm

3) 2.46 atm

4) 0.82 atm

Q68. Arrange the following carbanions in the decreasing order of stability.



Choose the **correct answer** from the options given below: [2026]

1) IV > I > II > V > III

2) I > IV > II > V > III

3) IV > II > I > III > V

4) I > II > IV > V > III

Q69. Consider a mixture 'X' which is made by dissolving 0.4 mol of $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_5\text{SO}_4]\text{Br}$ and 0.4 mol of $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_5\text{Br}]\text{SO}_4$ in water to make 4 L of solution. When 2 L of mixture 'X' is allowed to react with excess AgNO_3 , it forms precipitate 'Y'. The rest 2 L of mixture 'X' reacts with excess BaCl_2 to form precipitate 'Z'. Which of the following statements is **CORRECT**? [2026]

1) 0.4 mol of 'Z' is formed.

2) 'Y' is BaSO_4 and 'Z' is AgBr .

3) 0.1 mol of 'Y' is formed.

4) 0.2 mol of 'Z' is formed.

Q70. 'W' g of a non-volatile electrolyte solid solute of molar mass 'M' g mol^{-1} , when dissolved in 100 mL water, decreases vapour pressure of water from 640 mm Hg to 600 mm Hg. If aqueous solution of the electrolyte boils at 375 K and K_b for water is $0.52 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$, then the mole fraction of the electrolyte solute (x_2) in the solution can be expressed as:

(Given: density of water = 1 g / mL and boiling point of water = 373 K) [2026]

1) $\frac{16}{2.6} \times \frac{W}{M}$ 2) $\frac{1.3}{8} \times \frac{M}{W}$ 3) $\frac{2.6}{16} \times \frac{M}{W}$ 4) $\frac{1.3}{8} \times \frac{W}{M}$

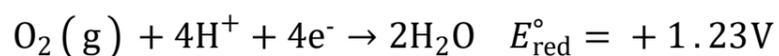
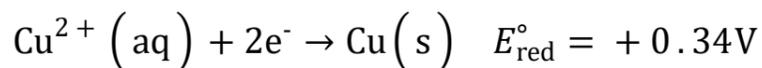
Q71. In Dumas method for estimation of nitrogen, 0.50 g of an organic compound gave 70 mL of nitrogen collected at 300 K and 715 mm pressure. The percentage of nitrogen in the organic compound is ____ %.

(Aqueous tension at 300 K is 15 mm.)

[2026]

Q72. Electricity is passed through an acidic solution of Cu^{2+} till all the Cu^{2+} was exhausted, leading to the deposition of 300 mg of Cu metal. However, a current of 600 mA was continued to pass through the same solution for another 28 minutes by keeping the total volume of the solution fixed at 200 mL. The total volume of oxygen evolved at STP during the entire process is _____ mL. (Nearest integer) [2026]

Given:



Molar mass of Cu = 63.54 g mol^{-1}

Molar mass of O_2 = 32 g mol^{-1}

Faraday constant = 96500 C mol^{-1}

Molar volume at STP = 22.4 L

Q73. X and Y are the number of electrons involved, respectively, during the oxidation of I^- to I_2 and S^{2-} to S by acidified $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$. The value of X + Y is _____. [2026]

Q74.

Consider two Group IV metal ions X^{2+} and Y^{2+} .

A solution containing $0.01\text{M}\text{X}^{2+}$ and $0.01\text{M}\text{Y}^{2+}$ is saturated with H_2S . The pH at which the metal sulphide YS will form as a precipitate is _____. (Nearest integer)

(Given: $K_{sp}(\text{XS}) = 1 \times 10^{-22}$ at 25°C , $K_{sp}(\text{YS}) = 4 \times 10^{-16}$ at 25°C ,

$[\text{H}_2\text{S}] = 0.1\text{M}$ in solution, $K_{a1} \times K_{a2}(\text{H}_2\text{S}) = 1.0 \times 10^{-21}$, $\log 2 = 0.30$, $\log 3 = 0.48$, $\log 5 = 0.70$)

[2026]