

# 1 - JEE Main Maths 21-Jan 2026 Shift -1

Q1. The value of  $\operatorname{cosec} 10^\circ - \sqrt{3} \sec 10^\circ$  is equal to [2026]

- 1) 2  
2) 4  
3) 6  
4) 8

Q2. Let  $\vec{c}$  and  $\vec{d}$  be vectors such that  $|\vec{c} + \vec{d}| = \sqrt{29}$  and  $\vec{c} \times (2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}) = (2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}) \times \vec{d}$ . If  $\lambda_1, \lambda_2$  ( $\lambda_1 > \lambda_2$ ) are the possible values of  $(\vec{c} + \vec{d}) \cdot (-7\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k})$ , then the equation  $K^2x^2 + (K^2 - 5K + \lambda_1)xy + (3K + \frac{\lambda_2}{2})y^2 - 8x + 12y + \lambda_2 = 0$  represents a circle, for k equal to: [2026]

- 1) -1  
2) 4  
3) 1  
4) 2

Q3. Let  $(\alpha, \beta, \gamma)$  be the co-ordinates of the foot of the perpendicular drawn from the point  $(5, 4, 2)$  on the line  $\vec{r} = (-\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}) + \lambda(2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} - \hat{k})$ . Then the length of the projection of the vector  $\alpha\hat{i} + \beta\hat{j} + \gamma\hat{k}$  on the vector  $6\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$  is [2026]

- 1) 18/7  
2) 15/7  
3) 3  
4) 4

Q4. The area of the region inside the ellipse  $x^2 + 4y^2 = 4$  and outside the region bounded by the curves  $y = |x| - 1$  and  $y = 1 - |x|$  is [2026]

- 1)  $3(\pi - 1)$   
2)  $2(\pi - 1)$   
3)  $2\pi - 1$   
4)  $2\pi - \frac{1}{2}$

Q5. The number of relations, defined on the set  $\{a, b, c, d\}$ , which are both reflexive and symmetric, is equal to: [2026]

- 1) 64  
2) 256  
3) 16  
4) 1024

Q6. If the domain of the function  $f(x) = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{2x-5}{11-3x}\right) + \sin^{-1}(2x^2 - 3x + 1)$  is the interval  $[\alpha, \beta]$  then  $\alpha + 2\beta$  is equal to: [2026]

- 1) 5  
2) 2  
3) 3  
4) 1

Q7. Let the foci of a hyperbola coincide with the foci of the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{36} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$ . If the eccentricity of the hyperbola is 5 then the length of its latus rectum is: [2026]

- 1)  $24\sqrt{5}$   
2)  $\frac{96}{\sqrt{5}}$   
3) 12  
4) 16

Q8. The sum of all the roots of the equation  $(x-1)^2 - 5|x-1| + 6 = 0$  is [2026]

- 1) 1  
2) 3

3) 5

4) 4

**Q9.** Let the mean and variance of 7 observations 2, 4, 10,  $x$ , 12, 14,  $y$ ,  $x > y$ , be 8 and 16 respectively. Two numbers are chosen from  $\{1, 2, 3, x - 4, y, 5\}$  one after another without replacement, then the probability, that the smaller number among the two chosen numbers is less than 4, is: [2026]

1)  $\frac{4}{5}$ 2)  $\frac{1}{3}$ 3)  $\frac{3}{5}$ 4)  $\frac{2}{5}$ 

**Q10.** Let  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots$  be a G.P. of increasing positive terms such that  $a_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot a_4 = 64$  and  $a_1 + a_3 + a_5 = \frac{813}{7}$ . Then  $a_3 + a_5 + a_7$  is equal to: [2026]

1) 3256

2) 3244

3) 3248

4) 3252

**Q11.** If  $x^2 + x + 1 = 0$ , then the value of  $\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^4 + \left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^4 + \left(x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}\right)^4 + \dots + \left(x^{25} + \frac{1}{x^{25}}\right)^4$  is [2026]

1) 128

2) 162

3) 145

4) 175

**Q12.** Let  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow (0, \infty)$  be a twice differentiable function such that  $f(3) = 18$ ,  $f'(3) = 0$  and  $f''(3) = 4$ . Then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left( \log_e \left( \frac{f(2+x)}{f(3)} \right)^{\frac{18}{(x-1)^2}} \right)$  is equal to [2026]

1) 2

2) 9

3) 1

4) 18

**Q13.** If the coefficient of  $x$  in the expansion of  $(ax^2 + bx + c)(1 - 2x)^{26}$  is -56 and the coefficients of  $x^2$  and  $x^3$  are both zero, then  $a + b + c$  is equal to: [2026]

1) 1300

2) 1500

3) 1403

4) 1483

**Q14.** The number of strictly increasing functions  $f$  from the set  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  to the set  $\{1, 2, 3, \dots, 9\}$  such that  $f(i) \neq i$  for  $1 \leq i \leq 6$ , is equal to [2026]

1) 28

2) 22

3) 27

4) 21

**Q15.** Let  $\vec{a} = -\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ ,  $\vec{b} = 8\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{c}$  be a vector such that  $\vec{a} \times \vec{c} = \vec{b}$ . If  $\vec{c} \cdot (\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}) = 4$ , then  $|\vec{a} + \vec{c}|^2$  is equal to [2026]

1) 35

2) 30

3) 27

4) 33

**Q16.** Let a point A lie between the parallel lines  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  such that its distances from  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  are 6 and 3 units, respectively. Then the area (in sq. units) of the equilateral triangle ABC, where the points B and C lie on the lines  $L_1$  and  $L_2$ , respectively, is: [2026]

1) 27

2)  $15\sqrt{6}$

3)  $21\sqrt{3}$

4)  $12\sqrt{2}$

**Q17.** Let  $y = y(x)$  be the solution curve of the differential equation  $(1 + x^2)dy + (y - \tan^{-1}x)dx = 0$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ . Then the value of  $y(1)$  is: [2026]

1)  $\frac{4}{e^{\pi/4}} - \frac{\pi}{2} - 1$

2)  $\frac{2}{e^{\pi/4}} + \frac{\pi}{4} - 1$

3)  $\frac{4}{e^{\pi/4}} + \frac{\pi}{2} - 1$

4)  $\frac{2}{e^{\pi/4}} - \frac{\pi}{4} - 1$

**Q18.** The value of  $\int_{-\pi/6}^{\pi/6} \left( \frac{\pi + 4x^{11}}{1 - \sin(|x| + \pi/6)} \right) dx$  is equal to: [2026]

1)  $8\pi$

2)  $2\pi$

3)  $6\pi$

4)  $4\pi$

**Q19.** Let PQ and MN be two straight lines touching the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 6y - 3 = 0$  at the points A and B respectively. Let O be the centre of the circle and angle  $\angle AOB = \frac{\pi}{3}$ . Then the locus of the point of intersection of the lines PQ and MN is: [2026]

1)  $3(x^2 + y^2) - 12x - 18y - 25 = 0$

2)  $3(x^2 + y^2) - 18x - 12y + 25 = 0$

3)  $x^2 + y^2 - 12x - 18y - 25 = 0$

4)  $x^2 + y^2 - 18x - 12y - 25 = 0$

**Q20.** Let O be the vertex of the parabola  $x^2 = 4y$  and Q be any point on it. Let the locus of the point P, which divides the line segment OQ internally in the ratio 2 : 3 be the conic C. Then the equation of the chord of C, which is bisected at the point (1, 2), is: [2026]

1)  $4x - 5y + 6 = 0$

2)  $x - 2y + 3 = 0$

3)  $5x - 4y + 3 = 0$

4)  $5x - y - 3 = 0$

**Q21.** Let  $S = \{ (m, n) : m, n \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 50\} \}$ . If the number of elements  $(m, n)$  in S such that  $6^m + 9^n$  is a multiple of 5 is p and the number of elements  $(m, n)$  in S such that  $m + n$  is a square of a prime number is q, then  $p + q$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_. [2026]

**Q22.** For some  $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}$ , let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & \beta \end{bmatrix}$  be such that  $A^2 - 4A + 2I = B^2 - 3B + I = O$ .

Then  $\left( \det \left( \text{adj} \left( A^3 - B^3 \right) \right) \right)^2$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_. [2026]

**Q23.** Let  $a_1 = 1$  and for  $n \geq 1$ ,  $a_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2} a_n + \frac{n^2 - 2n - 1}{n^2(n+1)^2}$ . Then  $\left| \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( a_n - \frac{2}{n^2} \right) \right|$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_. [2026]

**Q24.**  $6 \int_0^{\pi} |(\sin 3x + \sin 2x + \sin x)| dx$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_. [2026]

**Q25.** Let  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a twice differentiable function such that the quadratic equation  $f(x)m^2 - 2f'(x)m + f''(x) = 0$  in  $m$ , has two equal roots for every  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . If  $f(0) = 1, f'(0) = 2$  and  $(\alpha, \beta)$  is the largest interval in which the function  $f(\log_e x - x)$  is increasing, then  $\alpha + \beta$  is equal to [2026]



3)  $200\sqrt{3}$

4)  $200\sqrt{6}$

**Q30.** A conducting circular loop of area  $1.0 \text{ m}^2$  is placed perpendicular to a magnetic field which varies as  $B = \sin(100t)$  Tesla. If the resistance of the loop is  $100 \Omega$ , then the average thermal energy dissipated in the loop in one period is \_\_\_\_\_ J. [2026]

1)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$

2)  $\pi$

3)  $\pi^2$

4)  $2\pi$

**Q31.** If an alpha particle with energy 7.7 MeV is bombarded on a thin gold foil, the closest distance from nucleus it can reach is \_\_\_\_\_ m

(Atomic number of gold = 79 and  $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9$  in SI units) [2026]

1)  $3.85 \times 10^{-16}$

2)  $2.95 \times 10^{-14}$

3)  $3.85 \times 10^{-14}$

4)  $2.95 \times 10^{-16}$

**Q32.** Initially a satellite of 100 kg is in a circular orbit of radius  $1.5R_E$ . This satellite can be moved to a circular orbit of radius  $3R_E$  by supplying  $\alpha \times 10^6$  J of energy. The value of  $\alpha$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

(Take Radius of Earth  $R_E = 6 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$  and  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ ) [2026]

1) 100

2) 500

3) 1000

4) 150

**Q33.** A light wave described by  $E = 60[\sin(3 \times 10^{15}t) + \sin(12 \times 10^{15}t)]$  (in SI units) falls on a metal surface of work function 2.8 eV. The maximum kinetic energy of ejected photoelectron is (approximately) \_\_\_\_\_ eV. ( $h = 6.6 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}$  and  $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$ ) [2026]

1) 7.8

2) 3.8

3) 5.1

4) 6.0

**Q34.** In an experiment the values of two spring constants were measured as  $k_1 = (10 \pm 0.2) \text{ N/m}$  and  $k_2 = (20 \pm 0.3) \text{ N/m}$ . If these springs are connected in parallel, then the percentage error in the equivalent spring constant is: [2026]

1) 1.67%

2) 2.67%

3) 2.33%

4) 1.33%

**Q35.** A 4 kg mass moves under the influence of a force  $\vec{F} = (4t^3\hat{i} - 3t\hat{j}) \text{ N}$  where  $t$  is the time in seconds. If the mass starts from the origin at  $t = 0$  the velocity and position after  $t = 2\text{ s}$  will be. [2026]

1)  $\vec{v} = 4\hat{i} - \frac{3}{2}\hat{j}$      $\vec{r} = \frac{8}{5}\hat{i} - \hat{j}$

2)  $\vec{v} = 4\hat{i} - \frac{3}{2}\hat{j}$      $\vec{r} = \frac{6}{5}\hat{i} - \hat{j}$

3)  $\vec{v} = 3\hat{i} + \frac{3}{2}\hat{j}$      $\vec{r} = \frac{6}{5}\hat{i} + \hat{j}$

4)  $\vec{v} = 4\hat{i} + \frac{5}{2}\hat{j}$      $\vec{r} = \frac{8}{5}\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}$

**Q36.** A point charge of  $10^{-8} \text{ C}$  is placed at the origin. The work done in moving a point charge  $2\mu\text{C}$  from point  $A(4, 4, 2)$  to  $B(2, 2, 1)$  is \_\_\_\_\_ J. ( $\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9$  in SI units) [2026]

1) 0

2)  $15 \times 10^{-6}$

3)  $30 \times 10^{-6}$

4)  $45 \times 10^{-6}$





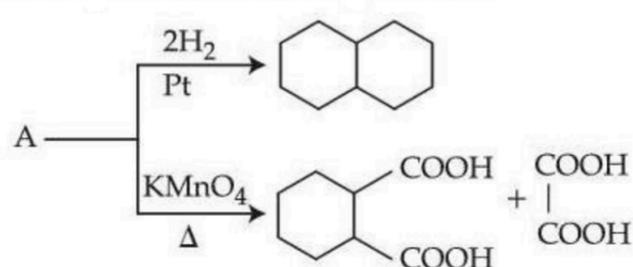
**Q48.** In a microscope the objective is having focal length  $f_o = 2$  cm and eye-piece is having focal length  $f_e = 4$  cm. The tube length is 32 cm. The magnification produced by this microscope for normal adjustment is \_\_\_\_\_. [2026]

**Q49.** 10 mole of oxygen is heated at constant volume from  $30^\circ\text{C}$  to  $40^\circ\text{C}$ . The change in the internal energy of the gas is \_\_\_\_\_ cal. (The molecular specific heat of oxygen at constant pressure,  $C_p = 7$  cal./mol $^\circ\text{C}$  and  $R=2$  cal./mol $^\circ\text{C}$  [2026]

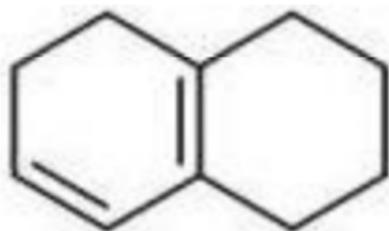
**Q50.** A collimated beam of light of diameter 2 mm is propagating along x-axis. The beam is required to be expanded in a collimated beam of diameter 14 mm using a system of two convex lenses. If first lens has focal length 40 mm, then the focal length of second lens is \_\_\_\_\_ mm. [2026]

### 3 - JEE Main Chemistry 21-Jan 2026 Shift -1

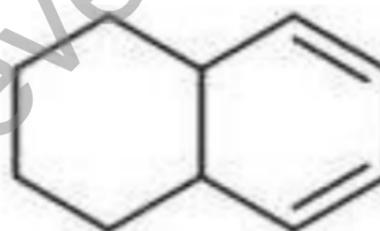
**Q51.** Identify A in the following reaction. [2026]



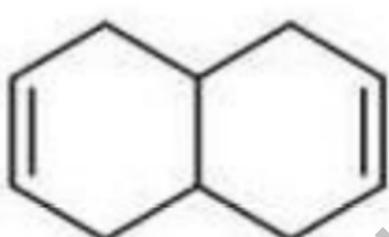
1)



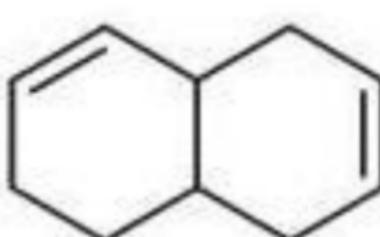
2)



3)



4)



**Q52.** 14.0 g of calcium metal is allowed to react with excess HCl at 1.0 atm pressure and 273 K. Which of the following statements is incorrect ?

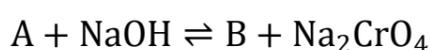
[Given : Molar mass in  $\text{g mol}^{-1}$  of Ca -40, Cl -35.5, H - 1] [2026]

- 1) 7.84 L of  $\text{H}_2$  gas is evolved.
- 2) 0.35 mol of  $\text{H}_2$  gas is evolved.
- 3) The limiting reagent is calcium metal.
- 4) 33.3 g of  $\text{CaCl}_2$  is produced.

**Q53.** Consider the following reactions.



(Hot solution)

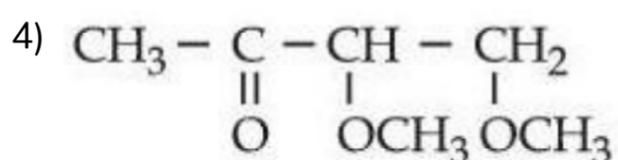
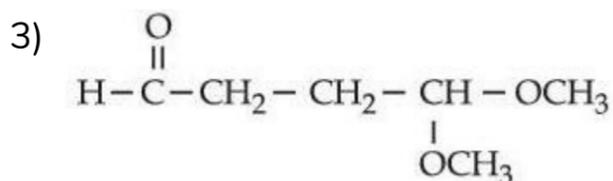
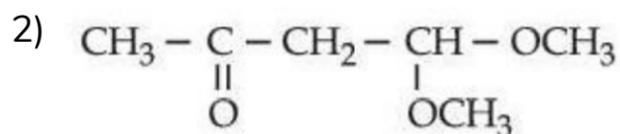
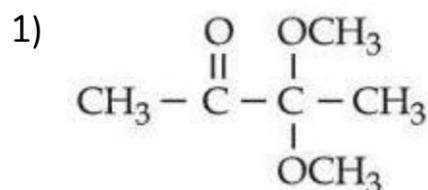


In the above reactions, A, B, and X are respectively. [2026]

- 1)  $\text{Na}_2[\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2]$ ,  $\text{PbCrO}_4$  and  $(\text{NH}_4)_2[\text{Pb}(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_4]\text{CrO}_4$ ,  $\text{Na}_2[\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_4]$  and  $[\text{Pb}(\text{NH}_3)_4]\text{SO}_4$

3)  $\text{Na}_2[\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2]$ ,  $\text{PbCrO}_4$  and  $[\text{Pb}(\text{NH}_3)_4]\text{SO}_4$  4)  $\text{PbCrO}_4$ ,  $\text{Na}_2[\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_4]$  and  $(\text{NH}_4)_2[\text{Pb}(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_4]$

**Q54.** An organic compound "P" of molecular formula  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_3$  gives positive Iodoform test but negative Tollen's test. When "P" is treated with dilute acid, it produces "Q". "Q" gives positive Tollen's test and also iodoform test. The structure of "P" is [2026]



**Q55.** Given below are two statements:

**Statement I :** When an electric discharge is passed through gaseous hydrogen, the hydrogen molecules dissociate and the energetically excited hydrogen atoms produce electromagnetic radiation of discrete frequencies.

**Statement II :** The frequency of second line of Balmer series obtained from  $\text{He}^+$  is equal to that of first line of Lyman series obtained from hydrogen atom.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below : [2026]

- 1) Statement I is true but Statement II is false      2) Statement I is false but Statement II is true  
3) Both Statement I and Statement II are false      4) Both Statement I and Statement II are true

**Q56.** Given below are two statements :

**Statement I :** The number of species among

$\text{SF}_4$ ,  $\text{NH}_4^+$ ,  $[\text{NiCl}_4]^{2-}$ ,  $\text{XeF}_4$ ,  $[\text{PtCl}_4]^{2-}$ ,  $\text{SeF}_4$  and  $[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$ , that have tetrahedral geometry is 3.

**Statement II :** In the set  $[\text{NO}_2]$ ,  $\text{BeH}_2$ ,  $\text{BF}_3$ ,  $\text{AlCl}_3$  all the molecules have incomplete octet around central atom.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below: [2026]

- 1) Both Statement I and Statement II are false      2) Both Statement I and Statement II are true  
3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false      4) Statement I is false but Statement II is true

**Q57.** In Carius method, 0.75 g of an organic compound gave 1.2 g of barium sulphate, find percentage of sulphur (molar mass  $32 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ ). Molar mass of barium sulphate is  $233 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ . [2026]

- 1) 4.55%      2) 21.97%  
3) 16.48%      4) 10.30%

**Q58.** Given below are two statements:

**Statement I:** Among  $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$ ,  $[\text{Ni}(\text{en})_3]^{2+}$ ,  $[\text{Ni}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{2+}$  and  $[\text{Mn}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ ,  $[\text{Mn}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$  has the maximum number of unpaired electrons.

**Statement II:** The number of pairs among  $\left\{ \left[ \text{NiCl}_4 \right]^{2-}, \left[ \text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4 \right] \right\}, \left\{ \left[ \text{NiCl}_4 \right]^{2-}, \left[ \text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4 \right]^{2-} \right\}$  and  $\left\{ \left[ \text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4 \right], \left[ \text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4 \right]^{2-} \right\}$  that contain only diamagnetic species is two.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[2026]

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1) Statement I is true but Statement II is false | 2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false   |
| 3) Both Statement I and Statement II are true    | 4) Statement I is false but Statement II is true |

**Q59.** Identify the correct statements.

- A. Arginine and Tryptophan are essential amino acids.  
 B. Histidine does not contain heterocyclic ring in its structure.  
 C. Proline is a six membered cyclic ring amino acid.  
 D. Glycine does not have chiral centre.  
 E. Cysteine has characteristic feature of side chain as  $\text{MeS} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 -$ .

Choose the correct answer from the options given below : [2026]

- |                 |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1) C and D Only | 2) A and D Only |
| 3) B and E Only | 4) C and E Only |

**Q60.**  $\text{MnO}_4^{2-}$ , in acidic medium, disproportionates to: [2026]

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1) $\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_7$ and $\text{MnO}$   | 2) $\text{MnO}_4^-$ and $\text{MnO}$   |
| 3) $\text{Mn}_2\text{O}_7$ and $\text{MnO}_2$ | 4) $\text{MnO}_4^-$ and $\text{MnO}_2$ |

**Q61.** A hydrocarbon 'P' ( $\text{C}_4\text{H}_8$ ) on reaction with HCl gives an optically active compound 'Q' ( $\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{Cl}$ ) which on reaction with one mole of ammonia gives compound 'R' ( $\text{C}_4\text{H}_{11}\text{N}$ ). 'R' on diazotization followed by hydrolysis gives 'S'. Identify P, Q, R and S. [2026]

- 1)  $\text{P} = \text{CH}_3 - \triangle, \text{Q} = \text{Cl} - \text{CH}_2 - \triangle, \text{R} = \text{H}_2\text{N} - \text{CH}_2 - \triangle, \text{S} = \triangle$   
OH
- 2)  $\text{P} = \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH} = \text{CH} - \text{CH}_3, \text{Q} = \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{Cl}, \text{R} = \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \underset{\text{NH}_2}{\text{CH}_2}, \text{S} = \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}_2 - \underset{\text{CH}_2}{\underset{\text{OH}}{\text{CH}_2}}$
- 3)  $\text{P} = \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH} = \text{CH}_2, \text{Q} = \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}_2 - \underset{\text{Cl}}{\text{CH}_2} - \text{CH}_2, \text{R} = \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}_2 - \underset{\text{CH}_3}{\text{CH}_2} - \text{NH}, \text{S} = \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}_2 - \underset{\text{CH}_3}{\underset{\text{OH}}{\text{CH}}}$
- 4)  $\text{P} = \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH} = \text{CH} - \text{CH}_3, \text{Q} = \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}_2 - \underset{\text{Cl}}{\text{CH}} - \text{CH}_3, \text{R} = \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}_2 - \underset{\text{NH}_2}{\text{CH}} - \text{CH}_3, \text{S} = \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}_2 - \underset{\text{OH}}{\text{CH}} - \text{CH}_3$

**Q62.** An organic compound (P) on treatment with aqueous ammonia under hot condition forms compound (Q) which on heating with  $\text{Br}_2$  and KOH forms compound (R) having molecular formula  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_7\text{N}$ . Names of P, Q and R respectively are. [2026]

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) Benzoic acid, benzamide, aniline              | 2) Phenylethanoic acid, phenylethanamide, benzamin  |
| 3) Toluic acid, methylbenzamide, 2-methylaniline | 4) Benzoic acid, 4-methylbenzamide, 4-methylaniline |

**Q63.** Given below are two statements :

**Statement I:** The number of pairs among  $[\text{SiO}_2, \text{CO}_2]$ ,  $[\text{SnO}, \text{SnO}_2]$ ,  $[\text{PbO}, \text{PbO}_2]$  and  $[\text{GeO}, \text{GeO}_2]$  which contain oxides that are both amphoteric is 2.

**Statement II:**  $\text{BF}_3$  is an electron deficient molecule, can act as a Lewis acid, forms adduct with  $\text{NH}_3$  and has a trigonal planar geometry.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below  
[2026]

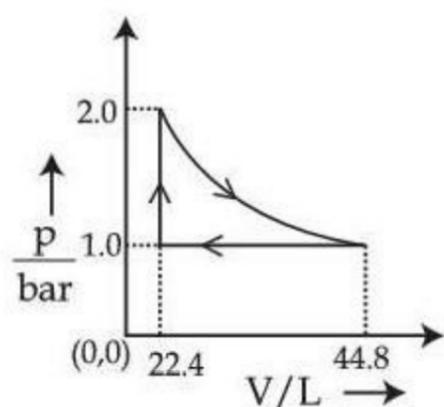
- 1) Statement I is false but Statement II is true      2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false  
3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false      4) Both Statement I and Statement II are true

**Q64.** Elements P and Q form two types of non-volatile, non-ionizable compounds  $\text{PQ}$  and  $\text{PQ}_2$ . When 1 g of  $\text{PQ}$  is dissolved in 50 g of solvent 'A',  $\Delta T_b$  was 1.176 K while when 1 g of  $\text{PQ}_2$  is dissolved in 50 g of solvent 'A',  $\Delta T_b$  was 0.689 K. ( $K_b$  of 'A' =  $5 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$ ). The molar masses of elements P and Q (in  $\text{g mol}^{-1}$ ) respectively, are: [2026]

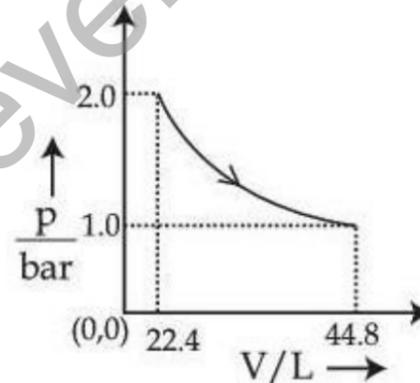
- 1) 65, 145      2) 70, 110  
3) 60, 25      4) 25, 60

**Q65.** Which of the following graphs between pressure 'p' versus volume 'V' represents the maximum work done? [2026]

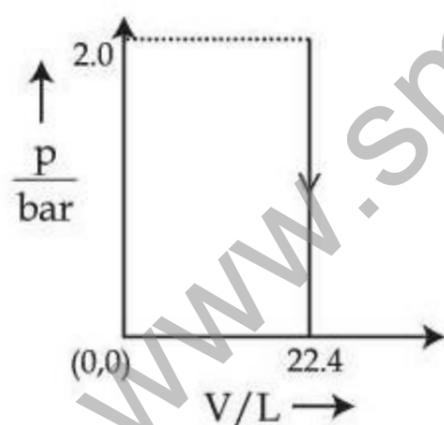
1)



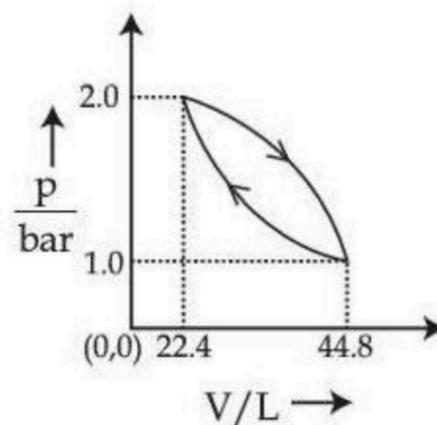
2)



3)



4)



**Q66.** Identify correct statements from the following :

- A. Propanal and propanone are functional isomers.  
B. Ethoxyethane and methoxypropane are metamers.  
C. But-2-ene shows optical isomerism.  
D. But-1-ene and but-2-ene are functional isomers.  
E. Pentane and 2,2-dimethyl propane are chain isomers.

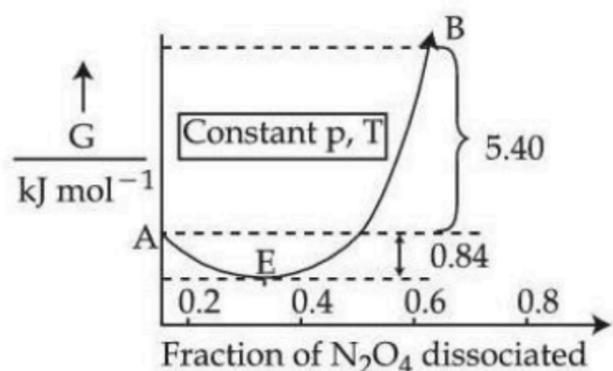
Choose the correct answer from the options given below : [2026]

- 1) B, C and D only      2) A, B and E only  
3) C, D and E only      4) A, B and C only

**Q67.** For the reaction  $N_2O_4 \rightleftharpoons 2NO_2$  graph is plotted as shown below. Identify correct statements:

- A. Standard free energy change for the reaction is  $-5.40 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ .  
 B. As  $\Delta G^\circ$  in graph is positive,  $N_2O_4$  will not dissociate into  $NO_2$  at all.  
 C. Reverse reaction will go to completion.  
 D. When 1 mole of  $N_2O_4$  changes into equilibrium mixture, value of  $\Delta G^\circ = -0.84 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ .  
 E. When 2 mole of  $NO_2$  changes into equilibrium mixture,  $\Delta G^\circ$  for equilibrium mixture is  $-6.24 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ .

Choose the correct answer from the options given below : [2026]



- 1) B and C only  
 2) D and E only  
 3) A and D only  
 4) C and E only

**Q68.** 80 mL of a hydrocarbon on mixing with 264 mL of oxygen in a closed U-tube undergoes complete combustion. The residual gases after cooling to 273 K occupy 224 mL. When the system is treated with KOH solution, the volume decreases to 64 mL. The formula of the hydrocarbon is:

[2026]

- 1)  $C_4H_{10}$   
 2)  $C_2H_6$   
 3)  $C_2H_2$   
 4)  $C_2H_4$

**Q69.** Which of the following represents the correct trend for the mentioned property ?

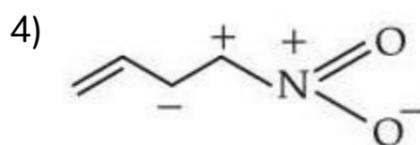
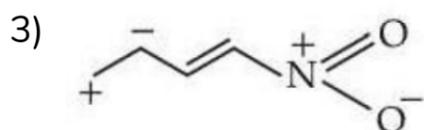
A. $F > P > S > B$	- First Ionization Energy
B. $Cl > F > S > P$	- Electron Affinity
C. $K > Al > Mg > B$	- Metallic character
D. $K_2O > Na_2O > MgO > Al_2O_3$	- Basic character

Choose the correct answer from the options given below : [2026]

- 1) A and B only  
 2) B and C only  
 3) A, B and D only  
 4) A, B, C and D

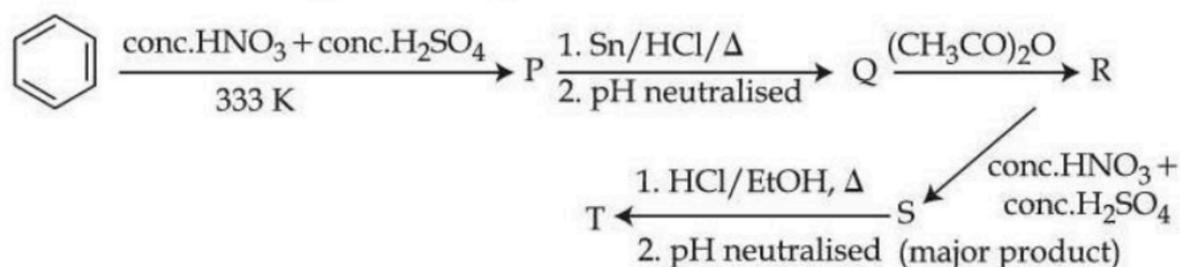
**Q70.** From the following, the least stable structure is: [2026]

- 1)
- 2)



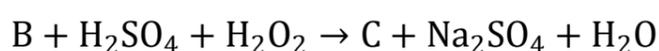
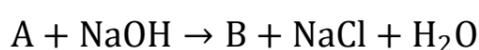
**Q71.** The pH and conductance of a weak acid (HX) was found to be 5 and  $4 \times 10^{-5} \text{ S}$  respectively. The conductance was measured under standard condition using a cell where the electrode plates having a surface area of  $1 \text{ cm}^2$  were at a distance of 15 cm apart. The value of the limiting molar conductivity is \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{S m}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$ . (nearest integer)  
(Given : degree of dissociation of the weak acid ( $\alpha$ )  $\ll 1$ ) [2026]

**Q72.** Consider the following reaction sequence



The percentage of nitrogen in product 'T' formed is \_\_\_\_\_ %. (Nearest integer)  
(Given molar mass in  $\text{g mol}^{-1}$  : H : 1, C : 12, N : 14, O : 16) [2026]

**Q73.** Consider the following reactions  $\text{NaCl} + \text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7 + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow \text{A} + \text{KHSO}_4 + \text{NaHSO}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$



In the product 'C',

'X' is the number of  $\text{O}_2^{2-}$  units,

'Y' is the total number oxygen atoms present and

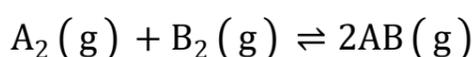
'Z' is the oxidation state of Cr.

The value of  $\text{X} + \text{Y} + \text{Z}$  is \_\_\_\_\_. [2026]

**Q74.** Use the following data :

Substance	$\Delta_f H^\circ (500 \text{ K})$ $\text{kJ mol}^{-1}$	$S^\circ (500 \text{ K})$ $\text{J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
AB(g)	32	222
$\text{A}_2(\text{g})$	6	146
$\text{B}_2(\text{g})$	x	280

One mole each of  $\text{A}_2(\text{g})$  and  $\text{B}_2(\text{g})$  are taken in a 1 L closed flask and allowed to establish the equilibrium at 500 K.



The value of x (in  $\text{kJ mol}^{-1}$ ) is \_\_\_\_\_. (Nearest integer)

(Given :  $\log K = 2.2$   $R = 8.3 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ ) [2026]

**Q75.** Pre-exponential factors of two different reactions of same order are identical. Let activation energy of first reaction exceeds the activation energy of second reaction by  $20 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ . If  $k_1$  and  $k_2$  are the rate constants of first and second reaction respectively at 300 K, then  $\ln$

$(k_2 / k_1)$  will be \_\_\_\_\_.

(nearest integer)  $[R = 8.3 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}]$  [2026]

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